THE

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,470—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

ROYAL LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
31st Octr	PERSIA	8000	....	....
2nd "	MANTUA b	11000	CHINA	8000
6th Nov.	DELHI	8070	....	....
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
18th "	MOREA	11000	....	....
25th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
2nd Dec.	EGYPT	8000	....	....
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	8000
16th "	ARABIA	8000	....	....
23rd "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10000
30th "	MALOJA	1500	....	....
1912				
6th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
13th "	PERSIA	8000	....	....
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7000	....	....
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000	....	....
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	EGYPT	8000	....	....
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10000	....	....
9th "	ARABIA	8000	....	....
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
23rd "	*ARCADIA	7000	....	....
30th "	PERSIA	8000	....	....
6th April.	MARMORA	10500	....	....
13th "	MOOLTAN	10000	....	....
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
27th "	MANTUA	11000	....	....
4th May.	EGYPT	8000	....	....
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	ARABIA	8000	....	....

The above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

b The "MANTUA" sailing on the 28th October, proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES tranship at PORT SAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 591	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 529 or Rs. 637	Rs. 793 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,

BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES — Booked without charge.
BERTHS — Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS — Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK — Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE — Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS — Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Balduino	4 580	D. Maganzini	15th Dec. 1911
R. Rubattino	4,580	Piazzoni	15th Jan. 1912

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 600 Single and Rs. 900 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Nov. 1911

Rates to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, &c. Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Linga	2184	Fri.	20th Oct.	6 a.m.	† direct.
Lhasa	2184	Mon.	23rd Oct.	11 a.m.	‡ via P. D. & O. M.
Dwarka	1695	Tues.	26th Oct.	9 a.m.	* via C. M.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer, ‡Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie, *Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. "Dwarka," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 26th Oct. calling at Muscat, Lingo, Bushire, and Mahomera.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. "Malda," 1951 tons, on Wednesday 25th October, calling at Veraval, Mangrol, Karachi, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, and Bushire.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. "Pentakota," 3418 tons, on or about 2nd November, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND COLOMBO.

S. S. "Virawa," 3260 tons, on or about 21st October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

20th October, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
Nera	5539	Casanova	29th Oct. 1911.
Oceanien	4148	Cousin	23rd Nov. 1911.
Yarra	4142	Bonsi	21st Dec. 1911.
Polynesien	6363	Bruno	18th Jan. 1912.
Ville de la Ciotat	6378	Eschenauer	15th Feb. 1912.
Sydney	4113	Costa	14th Mar. 1912.
Oceanien	4148	Cousin	11th April 1912.
Armand Behic	6386	Gulonne	9th May 1912.
Yarra	4142	Bonsi	6th June 1912.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Polynesien	6363	Bruno	4th Nov. 1911.
Ville de la Ciotat	6378	Eschenauer	2nd Dec. 1911.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st Oct. 1911.
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	18th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	R. H. Brown, R.N.R.	20th " "
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan. 1912
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

			Leave Bombay about.
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	26th Feb. 1912.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	R. H. Brown, R.N.R.	24th " "
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	8th Apr. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th May "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	17th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	3rd June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool,	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned,

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

4 inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do.

If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 1 per 1,000.

6 15-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand

If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

SHIPPING.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE. (GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Steamers.	Tons.	Capts	To Sail on or about
a Praesident	3310	Bremer	8th November.
b Kanzler	3000	Schutt	19th November.

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.
b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

24. Meadow Street, Bombay 9th October, 1911.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL ... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND ... £ 850,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy	Jinja,
Delhi,	Nuwara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. W. J. K. HEGARTY
BOMBAY Acting Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ... £ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... £ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... £ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ... £ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS ... £ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank,

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank ... and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable ... Offices and Branches, and issues Letters of Cred... use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Dep... on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOU...
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily ... if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,... Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... „ 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... „ 17,150,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD

CAPITAL (Paid up) ... Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ... Rs. 23,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

QUERY No. 1.

Are you losing money by keeping an accumulation of old Jewellery and old silver hoarded up?

Many people have old Jewelry lying by, never used, which might be converted into cash or up-to-date ornaments? We buy old silver or gold in any condition for melting value. We make a speciality of remounting old Jewelry in modern designs. Ornaments discarded as being old-fashioned can by remounting be given a fresh period of usefulness in accordance with modern taste.

QUERY No. 2.

Are you seeking knowledge in artistic and beautiful Jewelry?

You will find at our Show Rooms a veritable Treasure House, while the prices do not soar to heights above the average prices asked anywhere in the word for artistically designed and finished goods that carry quality of the highest order in all respects.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

JEWELLERS, AND WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

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WEDDING RECEPTIONS.
WEDDING CONFETTI, Etc., Etc., Etc.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY

Telegrams:—"MONGIBROS," Telephone No. 325.

B. O. C. KEROSINES { WATERLILY 150° F. / CHUKKER 125° F. / VICTORIA 125° F.

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.

B. O. C. MOTOR OILS, A. & B.

MOTOR GREASES.

Specially Prepared for MOTOR-CARS, MOTOR CYCLES & BOATS.

BURMAH OIL COMPANY. LTD.

Agents:—SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS'

WORLD-FAMED

GUTTÆ VITÆ

OR, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, disease, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poverty of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of imbecility and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

DR. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 1s.6d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

DR. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 12s. 6d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 84 Bread Street, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

CLARKES B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

JUST UNPACKED

SINGAPORE

RATTAN CHAIRS, SETTIES, TABLES AND EASY-CHAIRS

in various Shapes and Designs and well finished.

An article suitable for the DELHI DURBAR CORONATION.

Visit at the Stores is solicited early, all are out for the show

AT

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BY BATLIWALA'S AGUE CURED MIXTURE & PILLS.

FEVER AGUE & INFLUENZA.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS for pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness early stage of consumption and indigestion, etc, etc. Re. 1-8-ans. each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English anticeptic drugs. Ans. 4, each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT cures ring-worm Dhobies itch etc. in a day. Ans. 4 each.

One Rupee each

OF ALL DEALERS, OR OF

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.,
WORLI LABORATORY,
Dadar, BOMBAY.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,

GULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, Eng.

MAKERS OF

PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,

FOR

STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 20.

CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON.
CODES: OWN & A B C (5TH EDITION).

PRICE Rs. 3.

THE Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.

RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS

FROM

1s. 3 3/32d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

WEEK-END EXPRESS TRAINS BETWEEN BOMBAY, NERAL, KHANDALA AND LONAVLA.

Down.		Up.	
Bombay	... D. 14-20	Lonavla	... D. 7-40
Lonavla	... A.17-21	Bombay	... A. 10-42

A WEEK-END EXPRESS TRAIN will RUN on SATURDAY, the 21st October, 1911, from Bombay to Lonavla, and an Up Express Train will RUN from Lonavla to Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th October, 1911, to the above timings.

From the 28th October, 1911, and until further notice a Week-End Express Train to the Timings given above will run from Bombay to Lonavla every SATURDAY, and return on MONDAY unless otherwise notified. For particulars apply to Enquiry Office, Victoria Terminus.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 18th October, 1911.

RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Manager and Engineer-in-Chief, of this Railway, upto 12 midday of 8th November, 1911, for the SUPPLY of 8,000 Tons of the best BENGAL COAL, to be brought direct by steamer and delivered not later than 25th December, 1911, into Railway wagons at Yarawal Bunder, G. I. P.

The Coal must be of the best quality, clean and free from dust, shale, stone, earth of other impurities. The name of the pit and seam from which the Coal is to be supplied should be stated and an authorised statement of the results of a recent analysis of the Coal should be submitted with the Tender.

Forms of Tender with conditions of supply can be obtained on payment of Re. 1 one from the Undersigned.

The Manager and Engineer-in-Chief does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

H. S. DAVIES, M. I. C. E.,
Manager and Engineer-in-Chief,
Junagadh Railway.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner, for the City of Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (B. T.), on TUESDAY, the 31st day of October, 1911, for works in a STORM WATER DRAIN, and a PIPE SEWER, in Curry Road and De Lisle Road.

2. Plans may be seen and Form of Contract, Specification, &c., and all other particulars obtained free of charge on application to the Deputy Executive Engineer, Drainage.

3. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,

JAMES W. MACKISON B. Sc., A.M. Inst. C.E.
Executive Engineer,
Municipality.

Executive Engineer's Office,
Bombay, 18th October, 1911.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TENDER FOR STORES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Chief Engineer, at his Office, Ballard Road, upto 1-30 P.M. (S. T.), on FRIDAY, the 20th October, 1911, for the SUPPLY of the following STORES, for 12 months, from 1st January to 31st December, 1912.

Stores.	Deposit to Accompany Tender.	
Casting...	250	N. B.—Cheques will not be accepted.
Lime	250	
Sand, Shingle and Bricks	250	
Coconant and Castor Oils	250	
Coconut Oil No 1 for Pilot Schooners	100	
Wrought Iron and Steel	500	
Stationery English	250	
Stationery Indian	250	
Provisions	250	
Sundries	500	
Ironmongery	500	
Metals	250	
Files	250	
Cement	250	
Ropes	250	
Paints and Oils	250	
Timber	500	
Cylinder Oil	250	

1. Forms of Tender and Schedule of Articles and other particulars may be obtained and samples inspected at the Engineer's Storekeeper's Office, Elphinstone Bunder, on payment of Rs. 2 for each schedule.

The covers to be endorsed "Tender for Stores."

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted. The Tenderer will be bound by his Tender as to each item or article for which he tenders and any part of a Tender may be accepted and the remainder rejected.

2. The cost of stamping the Agreement to be borne by the successful Tenderer.

3. The lime to be slaked with sweet water only and the Tenderer to state the exact locality from which the kunker will be obtained.

4. Each Tender will be received on condition that the deposit accompanying it shall be absolutely forfeited if such Tender is withdrawn before the Tenderer receives formal intimation of the Trustees' decision in regard to his Tender.

E. A. CORKE,
Engineer's Storekeeper.

Stores Office,
Elphinstone Bunder.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF STORES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his Office, at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S. T.), on WEDNESDAY, 8th November, 1911, for the supply of the articles noted below during the twelve months commencing from 1st January, 1912 :—

B. Miscellaneous Country Stores.
C. Miscellaneous English Stores.
D. Stationery and Paper.

2. Separate Tender forms of each of the above, giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of stores required, and the conditions on which Tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, on payment of Rs. 2 for each form. No refund will be made on account of unused Tender forms.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender, and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. Tenders should be superscribed with headings as above and a deposit of 10 per cent. of the value of stores, etc., tendered for with a maximum of Rs. 1,000 should accompany each tender, without which no tender will be considered. Only cash or currency notes (on which no interest will be allowed), or Government promissory notes will be received as deposits, and, if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

5. All Stores to be in accordance with the Company's standard samples, which may be seen at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 13th October, 1911.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire" Ld., at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the FILE of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 21st, 23rd and 24th instant, those days being Public Holidays, under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 14th October, 1911.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

COPIES of the GENERAL GUIDE to the DELHI DURBAR RAILWAY, with maps, are obtainable at Re 1 per copy on application at the Office of the Undersigned or of the Station Superintendent, Victoria Terminus.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 10th October, 1911.

SEA-BORNE TRADE and NAVIGATION REPORT and STATISTICAL VOLUME of the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY (Excluding Sind), for the year 1910-1911.

Copies can be had from the Reporter General's Department, Custom House and from the leading Book-sellers, Bombay.

M. M. S. GUBBAY,
Collector of Customs.

A CERTIFICATED MATERNITY NURSE, of the City of London Lying in Hospital, is open to immediate ENGAGEMENT, Address Mrs. W., care of Messrs. KEMP & Co., Ltd., Chemists and Druggists, Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

NOTICE.

I MACLEAN DOMMIC GEORGE BRAGANZA, do hereby declare that from the 21st October, 1911, will go by the name of GEORGE DOMMIC MACLEAN, and will sign as such.

MACLEAN BRAGANZA,
Lower Parel,
Bombay.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.
SPECIAL TIME TABLE FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER.

NORTH-EAST ROUTE.	NORTH-WEST ROUTE
Corridor Restaurant Car Express between Bombay and Delhi.	Mail Train between Bombay and Delhi via Ahmedabad, Abu and Jaipur. Restaurant Car between Ahmedabad and Ajmer.
DOWN.	DOWN.
Bombay (Colaba) D. 22-0	Bombay (Colaba) D. 21-30
Delhi ..... A. 6-57	Delhi ..... A. 8-45
UP.	UP.
Delhi ..... D. 22-45	Delhi ..... D. 21-0
Bombay (Colaba) A. 7-20	Bombay (Colaba) A. 8-15

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will be run, when necessary, leaving Bombay in the evening, and arriving at Delhi, at a convenient hour in the morning.

From 1st November to 31st December, both days inclusive, the Northern Express will not run beyond Delhi.

Passengers for and from Stations beyond Delhi should change at Delhi.

Passengers holding RETURN TICKETS by the B. B. & C. I. Railway broad-gauge route to Delhi have the option of using the Metre-gauge route via Ahmedabad on either the outward or return journey.

QUICK DESPATCH OF GOODS TO DELHI.

A Special through Express Goods Train is now running daily by the Broad-gauge route for the conveyance of Motor-Cars, Carriages, Horses, Furniture, etc.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 6th October, 1911.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)

CALCUTTA BRANCH will open 1st November, in Bankshall Street.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

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HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,750,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE,	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do HONGKEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA,	SINGAPORE
FOOCHOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PEKING	ZIGALO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum covered amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

LAWS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Ten Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 406 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

Half Owner & Manager ... MAURICE E. BANDMANN.

TO-NIGHT! GRAND CHANGE
TO-NIGHT!! OF
TO-NIGHT!!! PROGRAMME.

MAURICE E. BANDMANN,
PRESENTS THE

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GREAT RAYMOND,

THE WORLD'S MASTER OF MIRACLES

Highest Salaried Mystery man in Europe Globe Trotting Fun-maker.

MAGICIAN,
HUMORIST AND
FANTASIST

TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY, October 20th

THE GREAT RAYMOND

will introduce several New Illusions, etc.

SATURDAY, OCT 21ST and SUNDAY 22ND
TWO GRAND MATINEES.

Children and Ayahs, half price to all parts of the House.

Doors open at 4-30, Commence at 5 p. m.

PRICES OF ADMISSION : Rs. 5, 3, 1.
Boxes 25 and 30.

Doors open at 8-30. Commences at 9-30 P. M.
Plan at S. ROSE and Co.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT,
THE GREAT HEALTH FILM
A DROP OF WATER.
How to avoid Enteric.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK.

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand, 125 deg.	4 0 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 0 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Sandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Cocria and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

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Performing Wild Animals.

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Most up-to-date Animal Act in the World.
NINE FULL GROWN TIGERS
Performing in a large cage erected in the Circus Arena.

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Acrobatic Dance Artistes two Ladies and one Gentleman

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In their great Surprise Sharpshooting Act using Winchester Repeating Rifles and Pistolet
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Gymnasts and Musical Melange Artistes.

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In their Pot Pourri act introducing the famous French Poodles.

DICK HAYES AND AUGOUSTE SHADOW
The funniest of Funny Clowns

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Our beautiful Arab Stallions and Performing Ponies,
Our Menagerie consists of Performing Elephants, Tigers, Bears, Leopards, Kangaroo, Emu, Baboons, Monkeys, Dogs, etc.,
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Our waterproof tents, which, UNLIKE OTHERS, we guarantee we have and will keep everybody absolutely dry.

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FIRST MATINEES.
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Doors Open at 3 o'clock. Commence at 4 o'clock.
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HAVE CURED THOUSANDS OF CASES OF ENLARGED SPLEEN.

Full Directions given in Wrapper

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is to enjoy the advantages of a perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices, that break down the health, and very soon render them, fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing ?

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It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and stopping wet dreams.

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PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 pills.
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A Sure Remedy for Leucorrhœa (Whites). Cure is imminent. Strongly recommended to try it once. Price Re. 3 a bottle. Apply to

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"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

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By W. E. H. Re 1.
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Colombo	Klang (F. M. States.	Shanghai
Karachi	Seremban (F. M. States.	Hankow
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Penang	Batavia	Yokohama.
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly

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Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

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HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.

Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000.00
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,566,083.58

LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES :

Bombay,	Cebu.	San Francisco,
Calcutta,	Shanghai.	Washington,
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong,	Peking.	Panama.
Canton,	Yokohama,	Colon,
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, American Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE :
4, Crosby Square, LONDON E.C.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS :

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI (Director of the Banque J'Outremer.)
WALTER MURRAY GUTHRIE, Esq., (Director of the London Joint Stock Bank Ltd.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs. Brown Shipley and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.,
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADASS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken and dividends thereon collected for consutuents.

C. S. CLARKE,
Acting Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES :
Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind) Junagadh, Karachi, Mandvi (Bombay), Nadiad Rajkot, Sukkur and Surat.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to . . 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be showed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon ; is also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Sale of the Goodwill and Stock and Furniture of the Australian Stores, in one lot.

Under instructions from the Orient Bank of India Ld, the mortgagee, in possession and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Mr. Noor Mahomed Jina, Messrs CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the Sitaram Building, next to Crawford Market, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 20th October, 1911, at 3 p.m (S.T.) the whole of the stock-in-trade of the Australian Stores, consisting of tinned and other provisions, biscuits, soap, perfumery, preserved fruit, cologne water and the furniture, &c.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of the sale.

An inventory of the stores can be inspected at the shop.

The above is on view.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 20th October, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF PRAOS (NATIVE CRAFTS), at Sewree Bunder, Bombay.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI and Co., will, by order of Messrs. Jamsetji, Rustomji and Devidass, Attorneys for Mr. Nagindass Mansukhram, and on account and at the risk of Messrs. B. Maganbhai and Co., the adjudged insolvents, sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of October, 1911, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their Sales Room, 21, Medows Street, Fort, the following crafts viz :—

Oly. Numbers.	Names.	Tons approximate.	Bunder where lying.
1 4067	Narayen Prasad	24	Sewree
1 4068	Luxmi Prasad	21	"
1 4069	Suroy Ban	21	"
1 4071	Luxmi	9	"
1 4070	Ram Prasad	21	Ulwa

All the above Craft except Craft No. 4070, which is lying at Ulwa Bunder, are now lying at Sewree Bunder.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lots to the purchaser, and the balance shall be paid and the Crafts taken charge of within three days from the day of s

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, Oct. 18.] [BOMBAY, Oct. 19.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols ...	78		1-8
2½ do. Rentes ...	94 1-4	1-4	
1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	93	un	chgd
1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	63 1-2	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 1-2	1-8	
do. 2 months' hence...	24 5-8	1-8	
Bar Silver in New York ...	53 1-8	1-4	
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25-16 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. at Berlin...	20-51	1-2	
do. do. New York ...	4·26 5-8	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	4 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	21st Sept		
3 months' sight ..	3 13-16	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	3 7-8	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine			
Trade Bills...	4 1-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine			
Trade Bills...	4 1-2	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	1 5-8	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans...	2 1-8	un	chgd

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 33-32 unchgd.
Closing Tone of Silver—Firm.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 60,00,000,
Rs. 37,20,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 6,70,000 " to Bombay
" 11,90,000 " to Madras
Total Rs. 55,80,000
Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 34 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 34 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 1s 4 1-16d.
Telegraphic Transfers:—
Rs. 1,00,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" ..... " to Bombay.
" 3,20,000 " to Madras.
Total Rs. 4,20,000
Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 34 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 34 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 1s 4 3-32d.
Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sales, Rs. 60,00,000.
Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 50,00,000

EXTRA ALLOTMENTS:—
Bills on Calcutta ...Rs. 40,000 at 1s 4 3-32d.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ...Easier. Fair demand.
Futures ... Steady.
East Indian ... .
Manchester Steady with a moderate demand
Total Sales ... 8,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 500 "
Imports ... 34,000 "
Mid. Americans ... 5·17—18
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...9 1-4—1-8

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
4 95	4·19	4 89	4 91	4·91
—05	—06	—06	—06	—06
Mar.-Apr.	April-May.	May-June.		June-July
4·95	5·97	4 99		5·01
—07	—07	—07		—03

New York Official noon call Dec. 9-19, March 9-20, New Orleans 10 a.m. Dec. 9 02 March 9-19

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	73,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year ...	68,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	41,000
Exports to Continent ...	36,000
Spot Cotton— ...	9·35 unchgd

Futures—Month of Dec. 9-17unchgd
Futures—Month of Mar. 9-13—01
} Declined on unfavorable cables and advanced on unfavorable weather reports.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot Cotton ... 9 3-8—1-3
Futures—Month of ... 9·12+05
Do. do ... 9·27+05
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Steady.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G. ... ... d 4 7-16
F. G. Bengal M. G. ... ... d 4 9-16
Fine Bengal M. G. ... ... d 4 11-16
Good Bhownagger ... ... d 4 13-16
F. G. Bhownagger ... ... d 4 15-16
Fine Bhownagger ... ... d 5 1-16
Good Oomras M. G. ... ... d 4 14-16
F. G. Oomras M. G. ... ... d 5
Fine Oomras M. G. ... ... d 5 2-16
Good M. G. Oomras ... ... d 4 12-16
Fine M. G. Oomras ... ... d 5
Good Broach ... ... d 5
F. G. Broach ... ... d 4 19-32
Fine Broach ... ... d 5 5-16
Good Khandeish ... ... d 4 11 16
F. G. Khandeish... ... ... d 4 13-16
Grey shirtings 41-42 in. 38 yards 16×15 ...7-11 1-2
" " 44 in. 38-38 1-2 yds 9lbs...8-1
White " 40-41 in. 40 yards 18 sqr ...10-9
" nainsooks 43 in, 19 yards 22×21...6-8

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi ...36 1-2+1-8
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Buyers.
Wheat Red Karachi ... 36 1-1unchgd
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Done.
Tone—Firmer.

SOUTH AMERICAN.
Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ... .
Do. Months— ...No Sellers.
Barletta Russo 62 1-2lbs. ...36 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months— ...Jan.-Feb.—Sellers—Firm

AUSTRALIAN.
South Australian ...36 1-2+1-8
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Done.
Victorian ...36 1-2+1-8
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Done.
New South Wales ...36 1-2+1-8
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Done.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ... Nominal.
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Yellow Guserat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... 53 1-2unchgd.
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports,—Dunkirk—Buyers.
Brown Cawnpore ... 49+1-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Steady.

LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ...73 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Done and Buyers
Tone—Firm.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...66+1-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg.—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COPPER—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... ... 15 7-8 unchgd
RUBBER—
Para Rubber ...4 5—Oct.-Nov.—Value—Firmer.
METALS—
Copper Brazier 6 66 1-2
Yellow Metal ... d 6 1-16
Standard Copper G M B ... £55 5-16
FREIGHT—
Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay ... ... 10-3 Nominal.
SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C. and F.
India double bags 2.20 C.&F.—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment ...Nov.-Dec.
Tone—Quieter very little business.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...Nothing doing.
Do. Months of Shipments ... .
German Beet-root 88 p. c. 17 4 1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Nov.
Tone—Steady, closed weak: very slow demand.
BAR & Similar Crystals C & F India ...22 10 1-2 —Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...Mar.-Aug.
Tone—Nothing doing and no change in prices.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...17/9—Value.
Months of Shipments ...Oct.-Nov.
Tone—Quiet.

JAVA SUGAR.
Raw Java Nos 16×18 C and F Calcutta ... .
Do. do. ... .
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... .
Do. do. ... .
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta .....
Do. do. ... .
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... .
Do. do. ... .
General Tone—Still nothing doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [19th Oct., 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
	Rs.		
4 Cases Rupees.	10,000	Muscat	Comptoir National
1 Parcel Silver.	22	London	Hongkong Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 17th Oct., 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	25	28,419
B B and C I Railway ...	23	25,816

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—
The local market opened steady and unchanged at 1s 4 1-32d. T. T., 1s 4 1-16d. Demand and 1s. 4 5-16d. for three months' sight credits, though 1s 4 9-32d was obtainable for this month. There has however been little doing. Far Eastern rates are steadier.
We quote:—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-32d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s 4 9-32d. to 5-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s 4 5-16d. to end Feb.
Do. do France	...171 1-4
Do. do Marks	...189 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...183 1-4
Shanghai "	...177
Japan "	...149 3-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—
The market opened at 95 1-8 for ready and 95 for the settlement and declined 1-16 during the day, but closed steady at the opening rates. Only a small business is reported.
We quote:—

Cash	Rs. 95	2	0
1st Settlement ...	Rs. 95	0	0
2nd Settlement ...	Rs. 94 13	0 to 94	14 0

BULLION:—
The London market closed firm with rates 1-8 higher for ready and forward at 24 1-2 and 24 5-8 respectively. New York was 1-4 up at 53 1-8. The local market has advanced in sympathy with the rise at Home, and quotations are as under. Bar gold is steady.
We quote:—

English Bar Gold	Rs	24	0 0
Australian "	"	24	0 0
Sovereigns "	"	15	0 0
Silver Ready ex duty ...	"	62	3 0
" 1st Settlement ...	"	62	5 0
" 2nd " ...	"	62	7 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—
Changes in the Home markets at the close yesterday were small the American markets closing slightly steadier. Locally the market continues irregular. Good Broach opened about Rs. 4 higher at Rs. 250, and during the morning advanced to Rs. 254. At Colaba there was little business doing and rates kept fairly steady closing at 6 p.m. as under.
Ready cotton continues dull and the offtake to-day has been small.
QUOTATIONS:—
NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs. 253-54	March
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat	" 252	Jan.
Fine M G Nagpur	" 250	"
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...	" 241-42	"
Fine M G Khandeish ...	" 237	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	" 229	"
Fine M G Bengal	" 288	Nov.
Fine M. G. Bengal	" 235	Dec.
Fine M. G. Bengal	" 233	Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal	" 219	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER:—
Opening Tone ... ... Steady.
Estimated Sales ... ... 10,000 bales
Total Imports ... ... 34,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
4·99	4·93	4·93	4·95
+04	+04	+04	+04
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	Apl.-May.	May-June
4·93	5·00	5·02	5·04
+05	+05	+05	+05

June-July.
5·03
+05

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—The market is firmer with a fair enquiry. We quote:—

Ready ...	Rs. 12 13	0 B.T.
April-May ...	" 11 0	6 B.T.

RAPESEED:—The market is steadier.
We Quote:—

Brown Cawnpore ready...	Rs. 8 3	0 B.T.
Yellow Guserat ready ...	" 9 5	0 "
Brown Delhi A. M. ...	" 8 4	0 B.T.

GINGELLYSEED:—Tone steady.
We Quote:—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs. 57	0 0
Black Kutni ...	" 49	0 0
Red Jubbalpore ...	" 53	0 0

POPPYSEED:—Tone steadier.

Ready ...	Rs. 10 13	0 B.T.
Forward ...	" 11 8	0 B.T.

CASTORSEED:—Tone quiet.

Ready ...	Rs. 7 7	0 B.T.
Apl.-May ...	" 7 5	0 B.T.

MOWRASEED:—Tone steadier.

Ready ...	Rs. 7 13	0 B.T.

WHEAT:—The market is firmer. We quote—

White Pissi ready 85 p.c.	Rs. 5 2	0 B.T.
" Delhi A.M. ...	Rs. 5 7	0 "

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,767 1-2
Bank of Burma	130
Bank of India	63
Eastern Bank	80
Indian Specie	59 1-4

MILLS.

David	403 3-4
Finlay Mills	378 3-4
Kohinoor	710
Manockji Petit	2,312 1-2
New Great Eastern	187 1-2
Standard	1,015

PRESS.

Indian Cotton	140

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	146
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	178
Bombay Steam Navigation Urd....	392 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,173 1-2
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	16 1-2
Treacher and Co	505

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prantej	643 1-2
Tapti Valley	500

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday:—

Cotton	615 bales
Wheat	10,021 cwts.
Linseed	1,141 "
Rapeseed	245 "
Gingellyseed	3,530 "
Poppyseed	94 "
Groundnuts...	1,461 "
Castorseed	9,854 "
Rice	903 "
Myrabollams	1,927 "
Cottonseed	3,589 "
Mowraseed	639 "
Gram	3,320 "
Jowar	698 "
Maize	13 "

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS, LD.

The approximate earnings of the Mirpurkhas Jhudho Feeder Railway for the week ending 30th September 1911 were Rs. 1,590 making the total earnings for the period 1st January 1911 to 30th September 1911 Rs. 78,548.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 16th October.
The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury:—
Amount estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1911-12 ..... £ 17,158,300
Remitted from 1st April 1911 to 14th Oct. 1911, by Council Bills ..... = £13,877,598
Balance to be remitted from 16th Oct. 1911 to 31st March 1912 ..... £ 4,280,702
Of this sum £1,538,300 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve for investment in Consols.

DAILY EXPORTS—OCT. 19.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Scindia s—34 bales wool, D Koondanmul; 9 bales wool, M Joosub; 500 cwt dillseed, Volkart Bros; 1,510 cwts myrabollams, K Kanowjee and Co; 210 cwts rapeseed Caner and Krause; 2 bales goat hair W and A Graham and Co.
FOR MARSEILLES.
Scindia s—2,880 cwt rapeseed, Ralli Bros; 200 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros.
FOR PHILADELPHIA.
Barque Brilliant s—6,000 tons manganese ore, R A Willis.
FOR LONDON.
Mantua s—500 cwt barley and 1,420 cwt mussoor, Ralli Bros; 104 bales hemp, D M Doongaji and Co; 3,001 cwt rapeseed, B D Sassoon and Co; 1,495 cwt myrabollams, A Khimji; 2,000 cwt cottonseed, T Toolsidas; 2,001 cwt cottonseed, A Khimji; 1,007 cwt myrabollams and 2,000 cwt cottonseed, W Bacher; 1,600 cwt linseed Sunday and Co; 158 cwts sryenger, M Mahomed; 2,000 cwts castorseed, 1,680 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.; 4,000 cwt mussoor and 2,000 cwt linseed, B S Lloyd and Co; 179 cwt myrabollams, E Comarey.
Persia s—14 cwt mica, S Dorabji; 520 cwt myrabollams, A K Khimjee.
FOR HULL.
Ikbalsingh s—2,113 cwt cottonseed, M Vulubhdas, 2,795 cwt cottonseed S Cooverji and Co; 2,200 cwt cottonseed A Khimji; 48,000 cwt cottonseed, and 8,000 cwt castorseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.
FOR ANTWERP.
Ryebergen s—10,000 cwts linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 4,000 cwts linseed, M Vulubhdas; 200 bales cottonsly, O Paraj and Co.
Berbera s—114 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 1,000 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Bros.
FOR DUNKIRK.
Iskra s—4,000 cwts cottonseed, S Cooverji and Co.
FOR HAMBURG.
Reichenfels s—58 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
FOR VENICE.
Hoerber s—1,001 cwts linseed, A Blaschcek and Co.
FOR HONGKONG.
Ceylon Maru s—63 cwts dry fruit, T Canji; 100 bales twist, M M Essabhoy.
Delta s—90 cwts sharkfins and fishmaws, M J Jeemiabhoy and Co; 150 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 100 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 464 boxes British dollars, The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation; 41 cases opium, P and O Co; 400 bales twist, M M Essabhoy.
FOR SHANGHAI.
E F Ferdinand s—200 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co.
Delta s—125 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 225 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.
FOR KOBE.
E F Ferdinand s—371 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.
Ceylon Maru s—143 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha; 342 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading Co.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 19th October, 1911.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey.....	18	4	5 p.m	19	30
Teheran ...	19	1	15 p.m.	1	45
Suez	19	1	50 p.m.	1	9

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Arizpe, Babicora, Ityres, Huimanguillo, Cardenas and Cunduacan will not be accepted until further notice (14-4-11).
Telegrams for Morocco are subject to very great delay and can only be accepted at sender's risk (18-8-11.)
Communication with Rabat normal but telegrams for Magador are still subject to delay (11-10-11).
Bhamo route to China interrupted beyond Indian Frontier between Mongtze and Manhao (11-10-11) also between Hankow and Wochand (12-10-11).
Chinese administration notify that until further orders telegrams to Hupeh province including Hankow, Wuchang, Ichang, Hanyang etc. cannot be accepted. For all other places in China telegrams only accepted at sender's risk (18-10-11).
Until further notice code telegrams for Turkey cannot be admitted (13-10-11).
Ahwaz Line Restored (19-10-11).

MARTIN'S
PIOL & STEEL PILLS
A French Remedy for all Irregularities.
Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, that on the first sign of any irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free for 8s from MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

ANDHERI.

DEATH.

PEREIRA—Oct. 19, at his residence Gundoli, Andheri, Luiz Frax Pereira, funeral will leave his residence this evening at 5 (S. T.) arriving at Marol church at 5.45. Friends and relatives please accept this intimation.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGE.

GARMAN—October 12, at the Wesleyan Church, Mannargudi, by the Rev Alfred Smith and the Rev W Arrandford, William Edwin Garman, of Mannargudi, to Christine Elise Birch, of Teddington.

DEATH.

PHILLIPS—October 12, at Peshawar, Ida, only daughter of C J H Phillips, Station Master.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

English mail steamer due at 5 a. m.
Performance by The Great Raymond, Royal Opera House, 9-30 p. m.
Harenston's Circus, 9-30. p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, Star Attraction "In the Grip of Alcohol". Three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim: "A business man should be clear and explicit in all his bargains."

ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Persia" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-30 p.m. to-morrow.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, Lourenco Marques and other places in South Africa per extra s.s. "Umhlati" via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. to-day.

LATE MR. BABAJI GOPAL.—The ceremony of unveiling a portrait of the late Mr. Babaji Gopal, architect and civil engineer, Bombay, was performed in the school building at Avas in the Alibag Taluka of the Kolaba District by Mr. G. K. Tipnis. The ground on which the school-house stands, with its open ground, was presented to the District Local Board by Mr. Babaji.

PILGRIM ROBBED.—Rajudin, a pilgrim from Dacca, arrived in Bombay about a week ago and lived in a room in a house in Northbrooke Street with several other pilgrims. They retired for the evening on Tuesday night leaving all windows and doors open. Next morning Rajudin rose to find his trunk stolen. It contained wearing apparel and other articles valued at Rs. 500.

CURRENCY NOTES MISSED.—A report is made to the police by one Jisinglal Kalidas, a commission agent living on the fifth floor of a house in Sheikh Memon Street, that about eleven o'clock on Wednesday morning a mehta came and gave him two currency notes for Rs.1,000 and Rs.500, respectively. He kept them near his seat and went into an inner room, leaving the notes on the seat. He returned within five minutes to find that the notes were gone.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel H. R. Vaughan, and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, Royal Warwickshire Regiment, will play the following programme of music commencing at 6 p. m. this evening:—

March	Down in Jungle Town..Darewski (Jnr
Overture	Der Koenigelieutenant...Titl
Valse	Premier Bouquet ..... Waldteufel
Selection	The Mikado ..... Sullivan
a Song (Oboe Solo)	Im Herbst ..... Tschaikowsky
b Intermezzo...	Cocheco ..... Reeves
Bell Solo	Joyful Peals ..... Sitt
Selection	Belle of Bohemia ..... Englander
Descriptive ...	The Mill in the Black Forest ..... Ellenberg

POONA PARSI MEMORIAL FUND

A meeting of the Shams-ul-Ulama Sirdar Dastur Dr. Hoshang Jamasp Memorial was held at the Behmanbai Building, Poona, on the 15th instant, Sir Dinshaw M. Petit presided and explained that the purpose of the meeting was to decide what shape the memorial should take. Khan Bahadur Major Khambatta, Hon. Secretary and Treasurer, read his report which stated that with the amount subscribed, which was Rs. 15,308, it was hoped to found a high school for Parsi boys.

OLD BOMBAY EXHIBITION.

Price of Admission.

The Exhibition on the Maidan, Bombay, is rapidly advancing in construction and attracting the interest of passersby. The subject of the charge of admission is a natural topic of conversation. Of course, it is generally understood that the entrance money will not include admission to the side shows but the following facts will show that the authorities desire in every way to attract the public and that in no case will the prices charged be exorbitant. As a matter of fact the price of admission at the gates will be Re. 1, subject to alteration at the discretion of the management. With this very reasonable charge we anticipate that no objection will be found. Residents in Bombay will, however, require frequently to visit the Exhibition and are entitled to expect a reduction in the entrance fee for a number of visits. To meet their case, arrangements have been made whereby books of coupon tickets can be obtained. The conditions and regulations under which these books will be issued can be obtained at the ticket office on the Exhibition ground. To protect the Committee against any misuse of season tickets the conditions governing the issue of these books have had to be drawn up with great care and precaution. It is not easy to summarise them, but roughly the following is the scheme.

Books of 76 tickets, in which are provided two tickets for every day between November 29th and January 5th inclusive, will be issued, either to a gentleman or lady, at Rs. 15. These books are non-transferable. Similar books are issued to cover the admission of ladies or children at Rs. 10. These books are issued only to members of the families of gentlemen who are holders of the first kind of coupon book, or who are members of "Clubland." Coupon tickets are also to be issued to school-children between the ages of 10 and 17.

Admission to the stadium will be from Re. 1 to 4 as. according to seating accommodation and admission to the side shows will be 8 as. or 4 as.

In the Exhibition there will be a reserved and furnished building and lawn known as "Clubland," which will serve much the same purpose as the Welcome Club at Earls Court. Admission to this Clubland will be by non-transferable season tickets, issued at Rs. 25 to elected members only and this includes admission to the Exhibition at any time also. Gentlemen desiring to become members of "Clubland" should apply through a member of the Executive Committee of the Exhibition, and when elected they will have the right to buy season tickets for members of their families or lady-friends at Rs. 20 a ticket or if more than one ticket is required at Rs. 15 each. These tickets cover entrance to the Exhibition so long as it is open and no other admission tickets are required either for the Exhibition or for the reserved enclosures of the Clubland.

This outlines the scale of charges. Full particulars of the conditions governing the issue of tickets will, in due course, be advertised.

It is understood that Chitral reliefs have now been completed, the troops marching back to India after having reached Chakdara. All are well.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

A PARSI BARRISTER SUSPENDED.

Pandharpur Bomb Case Sequel.

At the Bombay High Court, yesterday, a Full Bench consisting of Mr. Justice Russell, Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and Mr. Justice Hayward delivered judgment in the inquiry relating to the conduct of Rustomji Bezanji Sonawalla, who was admitted an Advocate of the Bombay High Court in May, 1911.

The Advocate-General represented the Bar Association; the respondent appeared in person.

Mr. Justice Russell, in delivering judgment of the Court, said:—

In this matter the Advocate-General of Bombay presented a petition against R. B. Soonawalla, an advocate of this Court, charging him with gross misconduct as an advocate.

The effect of the petition is that in February and March 1911, the said R. B. Soonawalla defended twelve persons in the Sessions Court at Sholapur, who were charged with sedition, etc., three were acquitted, the rest convicted and sentenced. Thereafter, the said R. B. Soonawalla was engaged by Sakarma Tamboli, the mother of one of the nine convicted persons, namely Allabux Tamboli, to conduct his appeal and those of the other persons, for a round sum ultimately fixed at Rs. 350.

Paragraph 4 of the petition sets out what R. B. Soonawalla was to do for that sum. Paragraph 6 of R. B. Soonawalla's affidavit of the 17th October 1911 admits that it was agreed that he should take up the appeals for that sum under the conditions (a) to (e) in that paragraph, which I read at length, Rs. 350 were paid to the said R. B. Soonawalla in instalments, the last one of Rs. 30 having been paid on the 6th of July 1911. The said R. B. Soonawalla obtained copies from the Sessions Court, Sholapur, and paid a sum of Rs. 40 to the said Court and drafted petitions of appeal for the said nine persons which they signed respectively in their respective jails and which were despatched to this Court by the jail authorities.

This High Court admitted the appeals of the said nine persons on reading their said petitions, but the said R. B. Soonawalla did not apply for the admission of any of them. On the 30th of August 1911 the appeals came on for hearing in this Court, but there being no appearance for any of the accused they were dismissed.

On the 31st of August 1911, the said R. B. Soonawalla by a post card informed Sakharma that all the appeals were dismissed. A rule having been granted, the case came on for argument on the 18th October 1911 when the Advocate-General supported it and the said R. B. Soonawalla showed cause in person. The facts were practically admitted and from the correspondence that has been put in, it appears that prior to the 6th of July 1911, when the last instalment was paid, the said R. B. Soonawalla had originally demanded Rs. 400 for all this work, and made repeated applications for the payment of the Rs. 350.

On the 6th of April 1911, he wrote to Sakharma "inter alia" to say that he would have to go to Bombay three times; and on the 25th of April he wrote "inter alia" to say that "the day on which I shall receive Rs, 125 from you, I shall go to Bombay and file all your appeals."

On the 12th of May 1911, he writes:—"Out of the balance of Rs. 125, Rs. 55 have been received. A balance of Rs. 70 remains to be received. You must send that amount in three days. Nine appeals have been drawn up and made ready. When I receive Rs. 70 from you I will file the appeal in Bombay after getting the signatures."

On the 25th of June 1911, he tells her that the appeal has been filed and the same admitted and demands the Rs. 30.

On the 5th of August 1911 he wrote the letter of that date (which I read at length)

From the exhibits A to F, put in by the Advocate-General, it appears that after the appeal had been admitted, R. B. Soonawalla put himself in communication with two pleaders of the High Court, Bombay, Mr. Talyarkhan and Mr. Vidwans and remitted them a sum of Rs. 35 only, respectively but they both of them declined to undertake the case because, naturally, they feared that if the said R. B Soonawawalla did not appear on the appeals they might have to conduct them themselves, and they could not undertake to do so for less than a fee of Rs. 200 respectively.

STATEMENT OF DEFENDANT'S COSTS.

R. B. Soonawalla has told us that it cost him Rs. 40 to take copies of depositions from the Sholapur Court. He offered to pleaders Rs. 35 as aforesaid. He says it took him several days to draw up the appeals, but how much that cost him, he has not informed us.

The result is that he broke his promises to attend in Bombay, contained in the letters above referred to; that he did not appear in the High Court at the hearing of the appeals; that he did not offer to the pleaders respectively more than Rs. 35, although Rs. 100 had been the amount for the pleader's fee. He admits that he did not return or offer to return any of the rest of the Rs. 350. From this it appears clear that he wholly failed to carry out the arrangement which he admits in paragraph 6 of his affidavit, and has pocketed a considerable sum of money without having done anything for it.

We listened with great care to all that R. B. Soonawalla had to say; but most of it was absolutely irrelevant. His only answer is that he wrote nine or ten letters to Sakharma after the payment of the last instalment telling her that unless she paid another Rs. 100, he would not appear for her on the appeal. Unfortunately for him, however, in our opinions, the letter dated the 5th of August 1911, which has already been read, is wholly inconsistent with his ever having written to Sakharma to that effect. His story is also, in our opinion, wholly inconsistent with the post card to Shankharma dated 31st August 1911 page 32 (which we read). The only construction that we can put upon that postcard is that he intended to represent that he had been in Bombay when the appeals were dismissed. And if his story is true that he wrote repeated letters to Sakharma asking for further moneys, it must have been mentioned in the postcard that it was in consequence of his not having received those moneys that he did not appear to conduct the appeals.

Sakharma is now dead. She was very anxious, and naturally so, about her son's appeals and knowing that, what we do now, of the conduct of the said R. B. Soonawalla, we can only characterise his letter of the 5th August 1911, as wicked and unfeeling.

It will be hardly believed that on the day when the appeals were dismissed, namely, the 30th August 1911, the said R. B. Soonawalla in answer to a question from the court was unable to say where he actually was on that day. In our opinion his conduct under hereinbefore mentioned circumstances not being present to argue the appeal for his client amounted to gross misconduct in the conduct of his profession.

The second ground on which the Advocate-General asks us to deal with the said R. B. Soonawalla is one which arises out of clause (e) of paragraph 6 of his affidavit, namely, that in case the judgments were reversed or sentences reduced, Sakharma would pay Rs. 100 in each successful appeal. In his letter dated 21st June 1911 to her he says "I shall write to you a letter two days before the day fixed for the hearing. Please communicate this to all. I shall take the amount of inam after I win the case." From this it is evident that he had arranged to get, in addition to the fees agreed upon, "inam" or a present if he was successful. In our opinion such conduct on the part of an Advocate is disgraceful. It would be looked upon as such by any one of the Inns of Court in England, and looking at the ignorance and simplicity in many cases of the people of this country, it is, if anything, more objectionable here than in England.

We, therefore, find the said R. B. Soonawalla guilty on both the charges, which have been brought against him and we direct that he be forthwith suspended for the rest of his life from practising as an advocate. The rule is, therefore, made absolute with costs to be paid by R. B. Soonawalla throughout.

LAST year four thousand two hundred nine and a half pounds of quinine including pice packets and tablets were sold as against two thousand, two hundred sixty-nine and one-fourth pound in 1909.

CLAIM FOR MAINTENANCE.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court yesterday, Mr. Justice Hayward delivered judgment in the suit brought by Mahomed Jumb Haji Adam Noorani against his father Haji Adam Hasi Oseman Noorani claiming maintenance through his mother.

His Lordship, in delivering judgment, said that the plaintiff was a boy under seven years of age and in the lawful custody of his mother, who had, however, been divorced by his father. The defendant pleaded that a minor son could not sustain a suit for maintenance against his father and that the amount claimed was excessive and not chargeable on the father's property.

After discussing the law applicable to the case, his Lordship held that the plaintiff was entitled to bare subsistence and not maintenance according to the condition of life of the father. The plaintiff had been offered since his mother's divorce Rs. 7-8 a month which, in his Lordship's opinion could not be held to be less than bare subsistence for a child under seven years of age.

His Lordship, accordingly, passed a decree in favour of the plaintiff declaring that he was entitled to recover Rs. 7-8 a month from his father and for recovery of arrears at that rate due from 1st March 1911 till judgment. As the plaintiff was offered maintenance at that rate before the

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Japan Line steamer Ceylon Maru 3143 tons Captain Tozawa will sail to-day for Kobe &c. with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N Company's steamer Landsura, 2156 tons Captain H. O. F. Owen, will sail to-day for Calcutta via Coast ports with a general cargo.

The Wilson Line steamer Ariosto 2760 tons Captain H Bradley will sail to-day for Hull via Karachi, with a general cargo.

The steamer Abana 2709 tons Captain S W Wilson sailed yesterday for Calcutta with ballast.

The German East Africa Line steamer Somali 1614 tons, Captain L Kesh sailed yesterday for Zanzibar &c., with a general cargo and passengers.

The Diwan of Janjira reports that the red buoy on the north side of the "Whale Reef" off the Rajapuri point, removed for the south-west monsoon, was replaced in position on the 26th September.

The Committee of the Chamber of Commerce have declared the 2nd and 12th December to be holidays under Charter Parties The dates mentioned have already been notified by Government as holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Highflyer...Capt James...D Dick R N Flagship
R I M S Hardinge ...Comdr ... Luck .....Troopship
R I M S Minto .....Comdr Latouche .....Troopship
R I M S Investigators...Capt. G N Fortesth...R N R... Survey Str
H M S Persens .....Comdr C P B Powell.....R Navy
Dongola .....Capt Spicer.....Transport
Islands.....3361 Peck.....Persian Gulf ..Hired... Transport
Ujina .....3436 Hill ..... do

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 19.

Achilleus .....3820 Galt.....W & A Graham & Co
Brilliant Bque ...3609 Grant .....Philadelphia... Standard Oil Co
Dalton Hall .....2364 Gorst .....T M & Co
Dwarka .....759 Moxon..... .....M M & Co
Ellen .....3474 Jacobsen...Calcutta...19-10 ...M M & Co
Kinross .....3052 Draeup ....T Morrison & Co
Landaura .....3157 Abbott ....M & Co
Lisdale .....3183 Tallent..... .....M M & Co
Madura .....3273 Pratt ....M M & Co
Nurani .....3830 Crabbin .....T Morrison & Co
Seistad .....617 Larsen .....F F Campbell & Co
Springburn .....3178 Williams .....A Yuille & Co
Viruwa .....2176 Emmett ....M M & Co
Zanoni .....2477 Danser.....T M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 19.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Ariosto	2760	Bradley	Hull via Karachi	18-10	J Finlay & Co
C&R Delta	4780	Martin	Shanghai	25-10	P & O S N Co
D&H Khosrou	2410	Hannah		20-10	B & P S N Co
F Nawab	2041	Elliott	Jeddah	2-11	Turner Morrison & Co
G Sha Ameer	1921	Cusock	Mauritius	N F	Bo & H S N Co
L Shah Jehan	5635	Jones	Jeddah	30-10	Bo H S N Co
M Norkoowa	1074	Jones	Jeddah	31-10	B & H S N Co
O Gallos	555	Wratt	Repairing	27-10	J Mackintosh & Co
P Reichenfels	2906	Kloppenberg	Hamburg via K'chi	19-10	W & A Graham & Co
R Iddesleigh	2521	McClintock	N F	N F	W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Iskra	3655	Dobrovich	Hamburg	27-10	J Mackintosh & Co
2 Scindia	3253	Kelso	Liverpool	31 10	W & A Graham & Co
3 B F Ferdinand	3843	Cobol	Kobe, 25-10		
6 Rysbergen	2230	Burgen	Rotterdam	22-10	T M & Co
7 Koerber	3164	Foresti	Trieste	1-11	A L S N Co
8 Berbera	3983	Lemarchand	Antwerp	1-11	M M & Co
10&11 Asaye	4359	Cookman	Shanghai		P & O S N Co
12&13 Persia	4155	Haywar l	London	2110	P & O Co
15 Ceylon Maru	3142	Tozawa	Kobe	20-10	N Y Kaisha

Offside M.

Majidi .....Geddis...Jeddah...23-10...B P S N Co

Offside N.

Sabarmati.....634 Ahmed.....Repairing...Bo S N Co

H W P D

Mahavadi .....548 Ahmed...Mangalore...21-10 ..... B S N Co Ld
Satrunjee .....5 7 Hossein...N F...N F...Bo S N Co

M W D D

Langbank .....2966 Rout.....Port Said ...N F ..... W & A Graham & Co

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessels	Commanders	From
18	Dongola	picer	Southton, Sept 29
19	H M S Perseus	Beaty Powell	Muscat, Oct 15

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
19	City of York	Wilson	Karachi
	Dumra	Morrison	Church &c
	Abana	Wilson	Calcutta,
	Tom H	Keach	Zanzibar, &c

The following vessels obtained their portclearance yesterday:—

Steamer Ariosto, Bradley, for Hull via Karachi.
" Ceylon Maru, Tozawa, for Kobe, &c.
" Lancaura, Owen, for Calcutta, &c.

The following vessels began to load yesterday—

Steamer Mantua, for London.
" Barbarico, for Calcutta.
To arrive.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The Ellerman Line City of Athens, arrived at Suez on the morning of 18th instant.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a.m. yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	4
B Mandvi, Chakala, Jamakhadi and Dungri	0	0	21
C Market Dhobi Talao, Pansowdy, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	0	0	14
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpatti, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	0	0	16
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	0	0	19
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	6
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	6
Dadhoor	0	0	0
Hospital	0	0	10
Total	0	0	86
Same date last year	1	2	63

KEATING'S LOZENGES
Quickly Cures
THE WORST COUGH
One gives relief. An increasing sale of over 60 years is a certain test of their marvellous value.
Sold in bottles everywhere.

INDIA AND THE DURBAR

SPECIAL FEATURE.

WILL SHORTLY APPEAR IN

The Bombay Gazette.

EIGHT ARTICLES BY

Sir WILLIAM LEE-WARNER, K.C.S.I., etc.

Sir THOMAS H. HOLDICH, K.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., etc.

Sir J. D. REES, K.C.I.E., M.P., etc.

Sir CHARLES BRUCE, G.C.M.G., etc.

Col GEORGE H. TREVOR, C.S.I.

Major F. G. CARDEW.

A YEAR of unprecedented splendour will be appropriately closed by the coming Durbar at Delhi, when the Indian Empire, magnificent, fascinating, complex, will draw all eyes to itself as it welcomes its Sovereign. The interest will be at its height during the weeks immediately preceding the Durbar ceremonies, and these pictures of India as it is are all by writers of acknowledged eminence. Sir W. Lee-Warner, as a member of the Council of India, has made the Native States his special study; Sir Thomas Holdich has spent his life in the Indian military and frontier service; Sir J. D. Rees is the author of "The Real India," etc.; Sir Charles Bruce was Director of Public Instruction in Ceylon; Col. G. H. Trevor has held both military and civil appointments and is well known as a sportsman; and Major Cardew was attached to one of the most famous regiments in Indian history—Hodson's Horse.

INDIA'S ROMANTIC PAST: her peoples and their rulers, places of historical interest.
By SIR W. LEE-WARNER, K.C.S.I., etc.

DELHI, the scene of the Durbar; a city of great deeds.
By SIR W. LEE-WARNER, K.C.S.I., etc.

WHAT A DURBAR IS, (procedure, etc.)
By SIR T. H. HOLDICH, K.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., etc.

INTERESTING PERSONALITIES AT THE DURBAR: a procession of Princes; native rulers and the terms on which they hold their States.
By SIR J. D. REES, K.C.I.E., etc.

WHAT BRITAIN HAS DONE FOR INDIA and what India is worth to Britain.
By SIR T. H. HOLDICH, K.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., etc.

THE INDIAN ARMY; How the native regiments were raised. British soldiers in India.
By MAJOR CARDEW.

HOW INDIA IS GOVERNED; Calcutta and Simla, the Civil Service, etc., the new Council established under Lord Minto.
By SIR CHARLES BRUCE, G.C.M.G., etc.

SPORT IN INDIA; Tiger-hunting and Pig-sticking feats.
By COL. TREVOR, C.S.I., etc.

USEFUL BOOKS ON MUSICAL KNOWLEDGE

HINTS TO CANDIDATES for the L. R. A. M. ASSOC BD., and other Examinations in Pianoforte Playing, by Wilson Manhire, F. T. C. L., L. R. A. M., A. R. C. M. As. 12

FIRST PRINCIPLES OF MUSIC. The Candidates Manual for all Examinations, with notes on the writing of Music, Hints on Examination Preparation and the working of Examination Papers. As. 12.

MODEL ANSWERS, TO QUESTIONS ON TOUCH, For Candidates Preparing for Examinations in Pianoforte Playing. As. 6.

THE MUSIC STUDENTS COPY BOOK Containing the necessary HINTS & EXAMPLES on the writing of musical notation for Private Study and all Examinations. As. 12.

MARCKS & CO., LTD., PIANO AND MUSIC DEPARTMENT, BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 709, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 20th October, 1911.

TURKEY AND REFORM.

THE continuous exchange of views which is proceeding with a view to end the Turco-Italian war will apparently come to a conclusion when Italy has firmly established herself in Tripoli and when nothing but superior force will induce her to relinquish her hold. Though doubtless the Ottoman empire will feel some loss of prestige she ought really to congratulate herself on being freed from responsibility for a vilayat which has never been anything but a burden to her and on obtaining a greater opportunity of carrying out the vast programme of reform contemplated by the constitution. Since the change of Government progress has undoubtedly been made, but it has been unavoidably slow, for the empire is extensive, the means of communication insufficient and provincial distinctions so strongly marked that, according to a recent resident, experience of any one district is little or no warrant for embracing generalisations. "Nor is there any salient unity of aspiration; public opinion is determined by local conditions and uninfluenced by consideration of the needs of neighbouring districts, concerning which correct information is seldom to be obtained." Notwithstanding this, and the lack of cohesion for which these conditions are responsible, it cannot be gainsaid that reform has forced its way ahead both in European and Asiatic Turkey. With regard to the latter, a contributor to "Blackwood" this month, gives us a very encouraging picture, contrasting the condition of Syria, Mesopotamia and Kurdistan to-day with that of two years ago when the continued existence of the new Government was still a matter of conjecture. The past two years in those provinces, it appears, have not been years of promise unfulfilled, though they have not been a period of unbroken progress. An effort has been made to solve age-long problems of Government and that, upon the whole has been made on right lines. The settled population has been protected from the lawlessness of the tribes. Those on the Syrian coast have been banished by the advance of the cultivator, and the half nomadic Turks have been kept in hand; but from the western borders of the Syrian desert to the frontiers of Persia "civilisation has stood helpless before the depredations of the Bedouin and the more highly organised insubordination of the Kurds; and the latter, often with the connivance of the central authorities, have kept the mountain districts that border Mesopotamia to the north and Asia Minor to the east in a perpetual state of turmoil." Still in all provinces subject to tribal brigandage there is a marked increase in the security of life and property; roads which must until recently be traversed under military escort may now be considered safe for the traveller.

At the root of the improvement, the reforms in the army and police seem to be the principal. Among these reforms is that of regular pay. Whereas the pay of both soldiers and police was formerly invariably in arrears, it is now kept up to date, and the consequence is that neither blackmail nor backshish are countenanced. The gendarmerie no longer squeeze a livelihood out of the peasants though they may be really losers by the change and their duties more onerous. In the larger military centres model regiments have been formed and trained by Turkish officers, most of whom have passed through the hands of the German General von der Goltz. Sami Pasha in Damascus and Nazim Pasha in Baghdad have produced tranquillity. They are credited with having imposed a certain respect for the law even upon regions where no Turkish soldier had as yet ventured to show his face and established a reputation among the tribes, by a combination of tact and force. They enforced justice and the advantages of improved administration are already felt. Two years ago in these regions, we are assured, no one in his heart believed that any good would come of the new regime and most people were convinced that its term was near and would probably be bloody. These fears are now forgotten. Some of the people fail to recognise the real cause of the improvement and one is reported to have declared "The new Government has done nothing, absolutely nothing at all. But God, whose name be praised and exalted, has out of the mercy of God changed the heart of man a little during the past two years." Yet the new regime is rising in popularity. The new cabinet, which we were informed the other day was composed for the most part of "men of straw," may not be able to perpetuate the steady course of improvement but until that time the tendency was certainly in the right direction.

The same was the case in Turkey in Europe and it is now realised that justice is easier to obtain than ever it was before. But there is the danger that the constant shuffling of appointments, if persisted in, will be attended by ill effects. There is a shortage of competent and experienced officers, especially among civilians. "Blackwood's" writer has heard regret expressed that civilians have not been afforded opportunities of studying European cities and adds "I have witnessed the bewilderment of a well-meaning gentleman, whose sole qualification for the post of governor was that he had been an upright judge in the Cour de Cassation, when he found himself confronted with the complicated administrative problem of a village, with the very language of which he was totally unacquainted." That being so it is easy to see that frequent reforms must be made to Constantinople and that means delay. Every decision referred there, is delayed, if not lost, and the want of suitable man is the great stumbling-block to lasting progress. The Central Government is sluggish, yet in Turkey the axiom that Government rests on force is not open to dispute. It is at Constantinople more than anywhere else in the Turkish Empire that the hand of the reformer is necessary and had there been a stronger Ministry it is doubtful if Turkey would have sat down so helplessly as she has during the past three weeks. But in existing circumstances she can do no better than accept the situation in Tripoli, leave Italy to make the best she can of a possession which she knows full well is not worth fighting for, and reserve her forces for the advancement of reform, for the improvement of the administrative machinery both in Europe and in Asia. If that can be effected and an efficient class of officer obtained for her civil service Turkey will have no reason to lament the loss of a small African villayat, for out of this evil will have come good—the greatest good to the bulk of the Turkish Empire.

"A BELGIAN SHAKESPEARE." THE Nobel Prize in literature announced this week goes to M. Maurice Maeterlinck, the well-known Belgian man of letters. Last year it was awarded to a very aged author, Paul Heyse in his eighty-first year, and a few years ago Mr. Rudyard Kipling won it when he was only forty-two. The winner of this year is in his fiftieth year, and this appreciation will probably incite him to further literary labours. Nearly all the great literary countries and nationalities of Europe have won this prize during the past decade, and it was time that a small country like Belgium should obtain it by the distinguished work of its famous literary representative. Belgian writers were formerly under French influence and their productions belong to French literature; but towards the close of the last generation, a new movement towards a distinctive and national literature began to appear among young Belgian writers which latterly attained great prominence and may now be said to be crowned by the work of Maeterlinck. The former Belgian writers merely reflected Parisian models and had little distinctive merit of their own. But in the last quarter of the nineteenth century the Flemish element among Belgians began to assert itself and to develop a new literature that was marked by the sensuousness, the colour and realism of Flemish art and also by a tendency to mysticism and abstruction which removed it from the lucidity and definiteness which are a strong characteristic of French literature. M. Camille Lemonnier was the leader of this "Young Belgian" movement as it is called, and M. Maeterlinck are its best exponents at the present day. The movement has done much for the Belgian nationality and the self-respect of that people. It is evident that this new school of literature had much to do with the failure of Lemonnier to win the quinquennial prize of literature of the Belgian Academy for his bold novel "Un male." The younger generations of artists and men of letters gave him a banquet as a protest against official litterati, and that banquet of 1883 is famous as the first public proclamation of a new literary era in Belgium. New literary reviews were started to defend and vindicate the school from attacks of the formalists, and great energy was displayed. Maeterlinck first began to write when this ferment had not subsided. He began with plays and later wrote essays in prose. A prominent French critic, M. Octave Mirabeau first brought him into prominent notice by an article on him as "a Belgian Shakespeare" and thenceforward his way to fame was clear. But it is certainly not as a Belgian Shakespeare that he has distinguished himself, for nothing can be further apart than the ways and methods of the two dramatists. The crude enthusiasm of his early admirers which compared him with Shakespeare was ridiculous, but that it did not harm him much shows his high literary attainments. Mysticism is the great characteristic of his works. As a dramatist in the best sense he is hardly successful, for there is nothing substantial or concrete about his characters who are soul without body. Yet these spiritual adventures of disembodied souls are highly pathetic records of unseen emotion, as revealing the mystery which lies beneath the surface of ordinary life. He has great originality and he has been called by able critics a rare example of mental force in literature. Most of his works have been translated into English and other languages of Europe.

CRIMINAL APPEAL AT HOME. THE appeal of criminals against their sentences, is such a familiar and well-used institution in India, that we are apt to forget that it is only comparatively recently that convicted criminals in the United Kingdom have been provided with any means of redress, should they have grounds for disputing the verdict of the jury, or of questioning the sentence of the judge. The court of criminal appeal was established in London only in 1907, and it is a curious thing, that while it required many years of agitation to secure its establishment, the authorities still show a reluctance to remedy an obvious defect in its constitution. It has been brought to their notice in decisive language by His Majesty's Judges, but so far nothing has been done. It remains to be seen whether the strong comment made by the Bench in the course of a remarkable trial in mail week will give any effective notice. The defect, which we refer to is one which errs on the side of undue licence to the prisoner and while it is a tradition of British Justice that great caution should be exercised in doing anything, which limits the opportunities of a prisoner for demonstrating his innocence the justice of the judges' complaint in this case seems so apparent that the lethargy of the authorities is puzzling. This complaint is that when, as in some cases occurs, the prisoner is found, only on purely technical grounds, to have been wrongly convicted, they have not as they should have the power to order his re-trial before a jury. Notice has once more been called to this state of affairs by the remarks, which were made by Mr. Justice Darling in delivering the judgment of the Court of Appeal and ordering a prisoner's release. The case was one, in which a young man of the lower classes had been convicted of the murder of a young woman, and the appeal was heard before the Lord Chief Justice and Justices Darling and Hamilton, and it was further remarkable seeing that it was the first case of an appeal on the capital charge, in which the Court had found it necessary to set aside a conviction. That is a tribute to the excellent work of His Majesty's judges, which if possible, should add to the weight of their opinion on such a matter. In this instance, the Court found that the verdict was not good on the ground that important evidence given by one witness, should have been supported by corroboration. This might have been supplied by a certain document which was absent, and the judge assuming its presence, misdirected the jury. It appeared to their lordships that there had been many cases and this was one, in which it would be advisable that all the facts should be submitted to a jury after an adequate and proper direction. This is what is done in civil cases, and the present case has demonstrated that if extended to criminal trials, it would not materially increase the heavy work of the law courts. It may be that the authorities are reluctant to adopt a system, which in some cases might entail a very lengthy detention of the prisoner before a final verdict was passed upon him, but we think that it might well be left to the judges to see that no re-trial were ordered without the fullest grounds. It is certainly an abuse of the right of appeal, which may possibly allow a murderer to escape his penalty on a mere legal quibble.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Salsette" with the homeward mails of the 14th instant arrived at Aden at 5 p.m., on Wednesday.

IT is understood that Sir J. O. Miller has resigned the Indian Civil Service.

THE Bank of Bombay yesterday raised its rate of interest on demand loans on Government Paper to 4 per cent.

THE pamphlet entitled *Swadeshi Paden—Bhag Pahila i.e.*, Swadeshi Songs—Part First, written in Marathi and published at Dharwar, has been proscribed.

MR. F. G. Pratt, I.C.S., has been nominated an additional member of the Bombay Legislative Council in place of the Honourable Mr. James McNeill, I.C.S., whose resignation has been accepted.

H. M. S. "PERSEUS," Commander C. P. B. Powell, arrived here yesterday from Muscat, which port she left on the 15th instant. A salute of 13 guns was fired on entering the port, in honour of the Admiral.

THE new Governor of Madras will arrive there on 30th instant and will land privately. In the afternoon of the following day he will take his seat and will make his public arrival at about 5 p. m. when Sir Arthur Lawley will make his public departure proceeding to Ootacamund.

DURING the week ending Tuesday, October 17, only four chests of opium were removed from the Government Warehouse, Bombay, and these were purchased by the farmer at Palanpur. During the same period 661½ chests were imported into Bombay from Indore and 100 chests were imported from Ahmedabad.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending October 14th was 532, giving a death-rate of 28·29, per annum per thousand as against 30·25, the corresponding period of last year, and 32·54, the average over the past five years. Of the total number 62 died from fevers; 12, plague; 3, small-pox; 1, measles; 3, cholera; 1, leprosy; 32, phthisis; 35, diseases of the nervous system; 134, affections of the respiratory organs; 30, diarrhœa; 14, dysentery; 42, still-born; 82, old age and debility; 8, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 28; Brahmin, 24; Bhattia, 5; Hindu of other caste, 238; Hindu low caste, 61; Musalman, 137; Parsi, 15; Jew, 3; Native Christian, 18; Eurasian, 1; European, 2. The total number of birth was 478 as against 416, for the corresponding period of last year, and 427, the average over the past five years.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPT. 29.

ROYALTIES.

As the residence of the Court at Balmoral draws to a close the household assumes proportions not equalled since the days when Queen Victoria made her prolonged visits to Deeside. With the arrival of Princess Henry of Battenberg early in the week and the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and Princess Patricia on Saturday the castle is now fully occupied. The great interest in the movements of the royal party doubtless accounted for the unusually large attendance of worshippers at Crathie Church yesterday. Long before the hour of service a large crowd had come from Ballater and Braemar in cars-a-bance and motorcars. The King, the Duke of Connaught, and the young Princes were in Highland dress. The Queen wore a heliotrope costume and hat and fawn coat. Princess Mary was in turquoise blue and a cream hat with pink roses. The Duchess of Connaught wore a black coat and a hat trimmed with two large natural-coloured ostrich feathers.

The members of the Court are enjoying a thoroughly unconventional holiday. The King is daily on the moors or in the forest. The Queen continues to visit the tenants. Princess Mary is now an accomplished horsewoman and of late has been receiving tuition in Highland dancing, in which she is developing an easy and graceful deportment. Prince Albert, who has had good sport with gun and rifle this season, has now returned to his duties at the Royal Naval College at Dartmouth, but Prince Henry, who has also been out with the guns, still remains at Balmoral, as the schools have an extra week's holiday in honour of the Coronation. Little Prince John has not been very well lately, so he has been staying at Altnaguibsach, a small house delightfully situated above Loch Muick which was built by Queen Victoria, and where in her young days she loved to go for a day or two with the Prince Consort to enjoy perfect quiet and seclusion. She could not bear to revisit the place so full of happy memories after his death, so built the Glassalt Shiel at the other end of the loch, right on its shore, and there also in her widowhood she used to retire for a brief rest now and again. Queen Mary has no sporting tastes, so she does not take much part in that side of the life at Balmoral, but she is often to be seen passing along the roads in a carriage drawn by four horses, and pays visits occasionally to her friends.

LONDON!

Although the greater number of people are still remaining in the north and in the country generally there is no doubt that gradually the town is beginning to be a little less deserted. With the coming of October there will be a general return to London from all parts, and there is every prospect of a good, though perhaps short, early autumn season. The departure of so many people for India will without doubt make a certain amount of difference to the later months but even then there is sure to be a good deal going on for the younger people.

A WEDDING.

I had a very interesting letter from a friend in Ireland telling me all about the wedding of Sir Francis Lambart and Miss Kathleen Moore-Brabazon the date of which was kept so quiet that no one except a few near relatives even knew that it was fixed. Both bride and bridegroom were most anxious to avoid the big function that would have been inevitable had the marriage been celebrated either in Dublin or London; but as it took place from Miss Brabazon's own home, Tara Hall, without any previous announcement to the world at large, it was possible to restrict the invited guests to near relatives. Only eighteen of these resembled in the Parish Church of St. Patrick, situated just outside the demesne of Tara Hall, and on the famous hill of Tara itself. Both were married in travelling attire, and it seems that the former looked charming in dull peach-coloured charmeuse with hat en suite.

My friend tells me that the wedding breakfast at Tara Hall was a very merry function, every one being in the best of spirits. The wedding cakes which came from Dublin, was a splendid erection, decorated on its summit with a great white harp with golden strings—a very appropriate emblem for a bride won from Tara Hall. Sir Francis and Lady Lambart left early in the afternoon for a motor trip to Killarney, passing under the triumphal arch that had been erected, the bride driving her own car, with her husband by her side, whilst his car followed with the luggage, valet, and maid. On their return from the honeymoon they will settle down for the winter at their beautiful house, Beau Parc, which is one of the show places of Co. Meath, with spreading woods skirting the river and charming views on all sides. The new Lady Lambart is very sporting in all her tastes, from soaring amongst the clouds to soaring over big Irish fences in the hunting-field, and she drives a motor with perfect nerve and judgment. I cannot leave the subject of Tara without reminding you of its interesting connection with the early history of Ireland.

"The harp that once thr ough Tara's halls
The soul of music shed
Now hangs as mute on Tara's wall
As if that soul were fled."

Many marvellous legends cling to Tara, amongst others one that declares that the Ark of Covenant was brought there, as well as the stone upon which Jacob's head rested when he saw the vision of the angels at Bethel, and which from that night was considered sacred, and carried about from place to place by the Israelites. According to Irish tradition, it was transported from Tara to Scotland by one of the early Christian Saints. Curiously enough, an antiquary quoted by Archdeacon Wilberforce in the pulpit at Westminster Abbey the Sunday before last insists that it is identical with the stone upon which Scottish Kings were crowned at Scone. You will remember that this stone was carried to Westminster by Edward I. after his defeat of Balliol, and all subsequent Sovereigns have been crowned upon it down to our present King last June, for it is enclosed in the lower part of the Coronation chair. I cannot resist recalling to your mind the legend which connects Tara, the old seat of Irish government, with Westminster, as fresh interest in the Coronation stone has been aroused by the theory of this antiquary as to its ancient Eastern origin. Furthermore, his investigations have convinced him that not only is the stone the one used by Jacob as a pillow, but that it is the one that was struck by Moses and from which water gushed for the thirsty Israelites. The chain of evidence is ingeniously put together, but this is a sceptical age, and to mundane minds it all sounds too strange to be true.

KNITTING.

The art of knighting is probably a great deal older than those who practise it I think. It is commonly supposed to date back to the sixteenth century but probably came from Scotland much earlier than that, and was taken thence into France. For there were continually vessels trading from Leith to the French ports, and this was the common mode of travelling from the land of Cakes to Havre, whence small vessels went right up the Seine to Paris, a much pleasanter and even quicker way of getting from Edinburgh to the heart of France than on horseback or in the clumsy vehicles of the days before diligences.

In France it was speedily taken up by the industrial classes, and soon became so important that in 1527 a guild was formed, called the "Communauted esmaitres bonnetiers de tricot." The worthies who composed it chose as their patron St. Fiacre, who was the son of Euginens, said to have been a King of Scotland long before England was conquered by William the Norman. There seems to be no record of when and how knitting was introduced into England, but old Hollinshed mentions it is being commonly done in Midland country villages, and says that women made a dye from the bark of the alder to turn their woollen "knit hosen" black. Henry VIII, is believed to have received his first pair of black silk knitted stockings from Spain, and his son, King Edward VI., was presented with a similar pair by Sir Thomas Gresham, to whom London was indebted for the first Royal Exchange. Among the regulations made by that well-intentioned young monarch with regard to trade and manufactures, mention is expressly made of "knitte hose, knitte petticoats, knitte gloves, knitte sleeves, or any other thing used to be made of wolle." So the knitting industry must have attained considerable dimensions by that time. Silk was introduced to Spain by the Moors, and Spain played an important part in the trade and commerce of the period. Spanish influence was strong in Germany and the Low Countries, and the thrifty German women seized on knitting with avidity, and, have never let it go. Knitted stockings were known in Berlin in 1590. In France the first pair of knitted silk stockings is supposed to have been worn by Henry II. at the marriage of his sister with the Duke of Savoy.

The story of Lee's invention of the stocking loom has often been told, and there is no doubt about the main facts. He belonged to a Nottinghamshire county family, and was sent to Cambridge where he graduated at St. John's. He was in love with a young cottage girl near his home, who earned her living by knitting, and watching her intently at her work, he conceived the idea of a machine that should produce the same fabric at a quicker rate. His invention was quite successful, and he taught his brother and several apprentices how to use it, and carried on business for some years at Calverton, near Nottingham. Queen Elizabeth took no interest in the invention, but Henry IV. of France invited him to go over there, and promised him a handsome reward, so he took several looms and the necessary workpeople to Rouen. Here his small factory prospered, but the assassination of the King, and the unsettled state of the country that followed, made business impossible, especially for a foreigner, and Lee fell into poverty and died in Paris. Only two of his helpers remained in France; the others found their way back to England, joined a former fellow-worker named Acton, and so improved the old looms that the stocking industry was firmly established, and the master stockingers applied to Cromwell for leave to establish a guild. But this was refused, and it was not till 1658 that sundry privileges were given them which applied to a circuit of ten miles round London. The industry, however, soon reverted to the Midland Counties, where it began. Knitting is so exactly reproduced by the loom, only on a wider scale, and with greater rapidity, that the history of one art develops, naturally, into that of the other. No machinery has ever been invented that perfectly produces fancy knitting, so there is still scope for busy fingers, and the art lingers in the Shetland Isles and in other parts of the North of Scotland and Ireland, where the most beautiful specimens of shawls, scarves, and some other articles can still be obtained.

PIGEONS.

I was taken out to tea one evening whilst I was away. It was a treat, such a quaint old house, with furniture and curios that would have made a collector green with envy. My host and hostess were great lovers of animals, and what they did not know about them was not worth knowing. After tea I went to see the remains of pets as they call them A big fat sheep was one, they had had it as a pet lamb, it used to follow them about, now it is too old for anything, but there it stayed on. A great number of empty pigeon houses were there also, only one old fellow left. My host told me that they used to keep a number of pigeons, and fly them, and he showed me the one fat old fellow, too old to fly now who had been a champion and gained many silver cups. He told me most interesting stories about those pigeons, only one of which can I remember. On the top of a pigeon house was a platform where he stood or sat, waiting the return of pigeons who were flying in matches. On one occasion the grand old fellow, than a sprightly pigeon was expected, my host was up there waiting to receive him and telegraph his arrival. The pigeon however flew straight past my host into the pigeon loft and found his wife flirting with a gay young pigeon who gave here a good thrashing and then went to my host to report his arrival.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Lieutenant J. C. Tate to do duty as Assistant Resident, Okhamandal, and Commandant, Waghir Corps.

Captain A. H. E. Mosse, on relief, to be Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar.

Mr. H. M. Haslehust, on return from leave, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar.

Mr. D. MacDonald, on relief, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Panch Mahals.

Mr. E. F. Green, on return to duty, to be District Superintendent of Police, Bijapur.

Mr. A. S. Holland, on relief, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Nasik.

Mr. A. H. M. Ostrehan, on return to duty, to be District Superintendent of Police, Broach.

Mr. C. S. Marston, on relief, to be District Superintendent of Police, West Khandesh.

Mr. O. A. Harker, on relief, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Satara.

Vice Mr. H. G. Gell, M. V. O. retiring:—Mr. W. L. B. Souter, C. I. E., to be a First Grade Deputy Inspector-General of Police; Mr. H. M. Gibbs to be a Second Grade Deputy Inspector-General of Police, taking rank above Mr. J. A. Guider, C. I. E. Mr. C. A. B. Beatty to be a First Grade Superintendent of Police; Mr. J. V. Cooke to be a Second Grade Superintendent of Police. Mr. E. H. Ingle to be a Third Grade Superintendent of Police; Mr G. H. White to be a Fourth Grade Superintendent of Police; Mr. G. S. Wilson to be a Fifth Grade Superintendent of Police; Mr. O. A. Harker to be a First-Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police; Mr. H. M. Haslehust to be a Second Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police.

Mr. G. B. White, District Superintendent of Police, Kaira, is granted, with effect from the 31st October or subsequent date combined leave for one year.

Mr. P. O'Brien, on return to duty, to act as District Superintendent of Police, Kolaba.

Mr. P. T. Kirkpatrick, on relief, to do duty as Assistant Superintendent of Police, Great Indian Peninsula and Madras and Southern Mahratta Railways, during the absence of Mr. H. O. Moore or pending further orders.

Mr. S. M. Edwardes, I. C. S. Commissioner of Police, Bombay, to be a Presidency Magistrate for the City of Bombay, from 7th November to 9th January inclusive.

Mr. J. G. Cattell, Officiating Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, North-West Frontier Province and North Punjab, on relief by Mr. S. Carlow, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Sind, Baluchistan and Rajputana, during Major A. S. Trydell's absence on leave or until further orders.

Mr. G. Monteath, I.C.S., on return to duty, to act as Collector of Kanara vice Mr. P. B. Haigh, I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

Mr. B. M. Maxwell, I.C.S., to act as Collector of Kanara from the date of departure of Mr. Haigh, pending the arrival of Mr. Monteath.

Mr. W. W. Smart, I.C.S., on return from leave, to act as Director of Agriculture and of Co-operative Credit Societies, vice Mr. G. F. Keatinge, I.C.S., proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. D. R. S. Bourke, on return to duty, to be Divisional Forest Officer, Panch Mahals.

Mr. E. G. Oliver, on return from leave, to be Divisional Forest Officer, Poona.

Mr. N. D. Satarawala, on relief, to be Divisional Forest Officer, Satara, vice Mr. W. A. Wallinger proceeding on leave.

Mr. O. H. L. Napier, on relief by Mr. W. F. D. Fisher, to be Divisional Forest Officer, East Khandesh.

The Rev. C. R. Ryall, Chaplain of Ahmednagar, is granted combined leave for six months.

The Rev. J. C. Matthew, Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Poona, has been granted privilege leave for three months from the 1st November or subsequent date.

License to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians in the Bombay Presidency and the Native states in the Rewa Kantha Agency is granted to Mr. David Lewis of the Irish Presbyterian Church.

Major. E. C. G. Maddock, M. B., B. Ch. (Edin), D.P.H. (Cantab.), I.M.S., on return to duty, to be Civil Surgeon, Ahmednagar.

The Honourable Mr. W. H. Lucas, I. C. S., to be Chief Secretary to Government, Revenue, Financial and Separate Departments, with effect from the date of expiry of the privilege leave of Mr G. Carmichael, I. C. S.

Major A. Hooton I.M.S., on return to duty, to act as Civil Surgeon, Poona, with attached duties vice Lieutenant-Colonel J. B. Smith, I. M. S., proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Poona Volunteer Rifles.—Second Lieutenant Alfred Charles Rowan resigns his Commission.

Mr. B. Haines is granted combined leave for one year.

Mr. H. W. O. Taylor, is appointed to act as Executive Engineer, Satara District, vice Mr. [illegible] as a temporary measure.

THE *Paisa Akhbar*, a local Urdu daily, says that the fund of the Aligarh College amounts to six-eight lakhs of rupees.

THE Honourable Mr. Gulam Muhammad walad Khan Bahadur Wali Muhammad Bhurgri, Bar-at-Law, has been elected an Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General by the Jagirdars and Zamindars of Sind in place of the Honourable Mir Allahbakah Khan Talpur, deceased.

BATTLE OF HANKOW.

GOVERNMENT CLAIM A VICTORY.

Rebels Caught while Crossing the River.

THREE HUNDRED KILLED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

HANKOW, Oct. 18.

At 4 p.m. desultory firing was being continued immediately behind the town.

It is reported that from two to three hundred rebels were killed, or wounded during the battle. The Imperial troops had fewer casualties.

It would appear that the rebels became disorganised, while crossing the river. They are, however, mostly of good heart, but complain of their leadership.

Another train-load of Imperial troops has arrived.

The latest news from Berlin throws doubt on the report that German bluejackets engaged in the fight with the mob in the streets of Hankow.

At all events, the incident is of the most trivial nature.

The attitude of the European Press with regard to the situation in China is one of extreme caution. There is undoubtedly some undercurrent of sympathy with the rebels, if only because the revolt must lead to a reformed Government, of which the recall of Yuan-Shih-Kai is evidence.

The newspapers are agreed in deprecating very strongly any intervention from abroad, unless foreigners or treaty rights are attacked.

It is pointed out in the Press that the rebels have shown every respect for foreigners, but that there is no guarantee that they will continue to show restraint, if the Powers give, in any way, any assistance to the Manchus.

The Foreign Office informs Reuter's Agency that British action in China will be limited to the protection of British subjects.

HONG KONG, Oct. 18.

In the Chinese celebrations here in honour of the birthday of Confucius, the dragon flag was totally absent from the public decorations, while shouts were raised of "Down with the Manchus."

PEKING, Oct. 19.

The Government asserts that the Imperial troops gained a great victory at Hankow, capturing the railway station, where reinforcements are now rapidly detraining.

LONDON, Oct. 19.

A telegram from Canton states that the provincial authorities are importing large quantities of arms and ammunition.

PEKING, Oct. 19.

There has been no telegraphic communication with Hankow since six o'clock yesterday evening.

Twenty-one thousand Imperial troops, with seventy guns, have left for Hankow.

It is officially stated in Peking that yesterday's hostilities were a mere skirmish. The rebels retreated on the Hankow native city.

The movement of Imperial troops is proceeding well. They were despatched quicker and better equipped owing to their being assembled for manœuvres. Numerous field guns, together with a balloon detachment, have gone to Hankow.

Yuan-Shi-Kai is expected to leave tomorrow to assume the Viceroyalty.

PEKING, Oct. 19.

An edict has been issued placing all military and naval forces on the Yangtse under the control of Yuan-Shi-Kai. The edict orders the ringleaders of the revolt to be severely dealt with, and appeals to misguided rebels to return to allegiance. It also cautions the people not to join the revolutionaries.

PORTUGUESE ROYALISTS.

Republican Troops Defeated.

MADRID, Oct. 19.

The Portuguese Monarchists attacked Montalegre and defeated the Republicans, capturing a number of men, arms and horses. They triumphantly entered Montalegre, and marched out again yesterday to meet the Government reinforcements.

GERMAN STEAMER ASHORE.

Promptly Refloated.

FLUSHING, Oct. 19.

The German East African Liner "Khalif," from Antwerp for Hamburg, went ashore off the Longenaar Fairhead. She was, however, refloated and has proceeded to Hamburg.

HOME POLITICS.

Solution of the Irish Question.

LONDON, Oct. 19.

Mr. Hobhouse, speaking at Taunton, said that Home Rule would be the great bill of the next session.

Colonel Seely, speaking at Ilkeston, said that when the Insurance Bill was passed the Government's first task would be to solve the Irish question.

MINE DISASTER AT ST. ETIENNE.

Twenty-six Killed.

LONDON, Oct. 19.

Twenty-six persons have been killed by an explosion of firedam in a mine at St. Etienne.

EARL PERCY'S WEDDING.

LONDON, Oct. 18.

The wedding of Earl Percy and Lady Helen Gordon-Lennox at St. Peter's, Eaton Square, to-day, was the most brilliant of the year.

King George and Queen Mary and other Royal personages sent presents.

[Captain Alan Ian, Earl Percy, is the fourth son of the Duke of Northumberland, who, owing to the death of his three elder brothers, is now heir to the dukedom. He is now in his thirty-second year and after serving in the Grenadier Guards throughout the South African War, joined the Egyptian Army. He has also been an extra Aide-de-Camp to Earl Grey. He only recently succeeded to the title of Earl Percy on the demise of his well-known brother, the third son, whose demise was a severe loss to the junior ranks of the Unionist Party in the House of Commons.]

TURCO-ITALIAN WAR.

Italy Insists on Prompt Surrender.

TURKEY SEEKS FUTURE ALLIANCES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 19.

A message from Tripoli yesterday states that General Caneva has sent troops, escorted by warships, to occupy the town of Homs, fifty miles to the east of Tripoli.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 19.

In the Chamber of Deputies yesterday the Grand Vizier made a statement of the policy of the Government, declaring that they would defend Ottoman rights at all costs.

The Minister further announced that in order to safeguard the interests of the country, it was proposed to modify the policy pursued up to the present and to seek alliances.

The Grand Vizier stated that he was prepared to furnish an explanation with regard to Tripoli at a secret sitting, which is now in progress.

LONDON, Oct. 19.

The British and German Ambassadors yesterday had a long interview with the Marquis di San Giuliano, the Italian Foreign Minister in Rome, with a view to ending the Turco-Italian hostilities.

It is stated in Italian official quarters that Turkey must first definitely renounce what she has already lost.

It is also declared that if Turkey even threatens a demonstration with her squadron, Italy will act regardless of consequences, and in accordance with the full rights of war.

If, however, Turkey complies with the Italian demands, Italy will pay her an indemnity, but if there is any delay in accepting her terms, Italy will demand a war indemnity.

The Bersaglieri have occupied Homs, and a Governor has been appointed. The Turks are retiring to the mountains.

BERLIN, Oct. 18.

Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg, speaking in the Reichstag, to-day, promised to give an opportunity for the discussion of the foreign affairs of the Empire before the close of the session.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LAHORE, Oct. 19.

Sira-ud-Din Ahmed, the biographer of Sir Syed Ahmed, in an article to the Vernacular Press, reminds his coreligionists of the attitude of Sir Syed Ahmed at the time of the Greco-Turkish war in 1897. Sir Syed held that in the absence of the sanction of the Government of India there should not be unwarrantable interference with foreign politics by Musalmans in India.

MOROCCAN AGREEMENT.

Hitch in the Negotiations.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 19.

The French papers indicate that there is a hitch in the Franco-German negotiations, arising out of Germany's refusal to accept the latest French offer of compensation.

The *Frankfurter Zeitung* says that France wishes to withdraw a part of the compensation to which she previously agreed in principle, and adds that if this happens the negotiations will be wrecked and a new political situation created.

THE LIBERTE EXPLOSION.

A Scandal Revealed.

PARIS, Oct. 19.

Before the Budget Committee, in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday, the Reporter said that the official enquiry into the "Liberté" disaster showed that the powder, which caused the explosion, was older than the marks on the cases indicated.

BRITAIN AND EGYPT.

Report of Annexation Denied.

LONDON, Oct. 18.

The Foreign Office informs Reuter's Agency that the report that Great Britain intends to annex Egypt is totally unfounded.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Oct. 18.

The death is announced of Colonel Sandys, ex-M. P. for Bootle.

The death is also announced of Mathew Holder, the publisher.

[Colonel Thomas Myles Sandys was Conservative member for the Bootle division of Lancashire from 1885. Born in 1837, he was educated at Shrewsbury, joined the 7th Fusiliers and served in the Indian Mutiny. He retired, after commanding the 3rd Battalion, Loyal North Lancs (Militia), with the rank of Honorary Colonel. He was also a deputy lieutenant. He was a Protestant of Protestants and held strong views on most subjects, expressing them with a vigour which would have done credit to an Orangeman.]

DALHOUSIE SQUARE BOMB CASE.

Papers Seized at Chandarnagore Returned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 19.

During the investigations by the police of the Dalhousi Square Bomb Outrage in March last the house of Upendra Chandra Chatterjee of Gondalpara (Chandernagore) was searched and a large quantity of papers and account books were taken possession of. The search was made owing to the fact that one of the accused in the case, Norendra Nath Banerji, was a relative of and was residing with Upendra Chatterjee at Chandarnagore. This accused was eventually acquitted by the High Court. On an application to Mr. C. A. Tegart, Deputy Commissioner of Police, this morning all the papers and books which were seized, were made over to Upendra Nath Chatterjee.

RAIN IN POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 19.

It rained in Poona, for a couple of hours last evening, but the fall was not very heavy. We have only had half of the average rainfall this year and things have been looking brown and parched for some time past which one or two more good showers should help to relieve to some extent.

ABOR EXPEDITION.

Special Report.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KOBO, Oct. 17.

The weather is keeping fine. The health of the troops remains good and the previously water-logged camp is now thoroughly dry. The reconnaissance party which went in the direction of Oniyak on the Ledam road has not yet returned. The curtain of thick black clouds that obscured our view of the Himalayas has been rung up. The surveying parties are fixing conjectural position accurately and signalling communication is now being continued; from the river one can gaze on the direction of the proposed advance to Pasighat. Beyond that the information to hand is somewhat scanty. Picture yourselves some forty odd miles from the charming little cantonment of Dibrugarh with its hospitable committee in a clearing in the jungle on the banks of the mighty Brahmaputra. From midstream and looking north with the picture is sufficiently vivid, a thick belt of seemingly impenetrable jungle (it must be seen to be believed and dense forests and beyond some forty miles distant the peaks of the lofty Himalayas. Imagine between them the "inner line" parallel to the river and the "outerline" running along the foot of the hills. Our eyes look unto the hills wreathed in fleecy scudding clouds, for it is there that the terra incognito, the hitherto forbidden country lies. The fearless Warden of the marches, Mr. Williamson, administrator and explorer, could have enlightened us, but he, alas! has gone to the bourns from whence no traveller returns. Its savage dwellers, the Abors of Mongoloid descent, disclaim all allegiance to India or Tibet. During their eighty-six years relations with the British Government they have successfully carried out the motto "semper impune lacessit," for all punitive expeditions into their country have been followed by withdrawal. This cannot fail to have been attributed to weakness on our part. In other words we may be said to have stirred up the bee-hive and never gone in seriously for the keeping.

To recapitulate our policy with the Abors since 1825 would be a lengthy matter nor would a recital of the different expeditions taken into the parts of their territory be instructive. Suffice it to say that the recent murder of Mr. Williamson, Dr. Gregorson has brought home the necessity of breaking into this charmed country and punishing the tribe for the outrage. A military police post was at once established at Belekand, hence the presence of the expeditionary force on the banks of the Brahmaputra. The picture I have drawn of the country to be traversed before contact with the Abors can be established with give some idea of the magnitude of the task allotted to the troops cutting their way step by step through the jungle. Little by little the obstacles must be surmounted. The dearth of population on the North Bank of the Brahmaputra between Dibrugarh and Sadaya is largely due to the raids of the Abors and now has come the time for dealing adequately with these pests of the Frontier. It is improbable that anything of historic interest will be discovered on the expedition.

Arduous bush warfare will be the order of the day. In all probability the Abor is said to be confident in his own superiority as he considers that all these years he has defied the Indian Government.

Nothing like the temples of Tibet, gorgeous buildings of Burma, the temple of Heaven, the Forbidden City or the Sacrosanct Sankie Yuan of Peking will gladden the eyes of the weary soldier. The punishment of a turbulent tribe and the opening up of a hitherto unknown country is the work of the expedition.

Its composition is as follows:—The 32nd Sikh Pioneers and the 8th Gurkhas, both of Tibet fame, part of the 2nd Gurkhas who last saw service in the Waziristan blockade and the first company of Sengal Sappers and Miners furnished with bridging materials and two small bomb guns. In addition there are three hundred men of the Lakhimpur Military Police who have rendered most invaluable service since April. Armed with Martini Henry rifles the Battalions of the Assam Military Police have taken part in the Manipur and Lushai previous to the Abor, Aps, Tanang and Mishmi expeditions where they served with credit. This well equipped and well organised little force is under the command of Major General Bower, C. B., an officer of wide experience in India, Tibet, Central Asia, China and the Sudan, an explorer as well as a soldier.

SIMLA, Oct. 19.

The General Officer Commanding telegraphs from Kobo, dated October the 17th that the weather is fine and the river falling. The Kemi river has fallen three feet. The detachment (stated to have been left on the bank yesterday) crossed in Berthon boats on the morning of October the 17th to cut a path and to explore towards Oniyuk. The health of the troops remains good. The Director General of Telegraphs, in a letter dated Simla, October the 19th, says:—"I hear that 5 1-2 miles of flying line were laid yesterday from Saikwaghat and that they expect to reach the bank opposite Kobo by midday to-day. Telegrams were sent and received from Kobo by boat yesterday."

CHINESE ON ABOR FRONTIER

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 19.

So far as information received here goes the Chinese in their expedition into the north of the Abor country employed some two thousand men. There was some desultory fighting with the tribesmen, one Chinese official from Lhasa being wounded. The Popas, as the local tribes are called, do not seem, however, to have been able to offer any really effective resistance.

THE EDUCATION BILL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Oct. 19.

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokale's Bill for compulsory elementary education came up for consideration at the Karachi Municipal meeting last evening when several members took part in the discussion, 12 recording their votes in favour and 8 against.

INDIAN TROOPS FOR PERSIA.

The 39th Central India Horse, who with the 6th Cavalry are under orders to proceed to Persia, in connection with the protection of the British consulates in the district surrounding Shiraz, arrived in Bombay yesterday and will embark on the B. I. S. N. Company's s. s. "Islanda" to-day. As already stated in our columns, the "Islanda" and the "Ujma," belonging to the same Company, have been chartered to convey the two regiments to the Gulf.

THE VICEREGAL VISIT TO HYDERABAD.

Reception at the Residency.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, Oct. 19.

A dinner was held at the Residency last evening at which H. H. the Nizam was present. After the dinner, about 500 people attended a reception and were presented to H. E. the Viceroy. The Residency and grounds were beautifully illuminated, electricity being used for the first time. Electric bulbs and Chinese lanterns lighted by electricity were hung in hundreds among the huge trees, casting a pleasant glow of soft light on the lawn on which the guests assembled prior to entering the Residency which, as usual, was brilliantly lighted. The bright and varied uniforms of the officers and the charming costumes of the ladies made up an animated scene.

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 19.

The following complimentary order has been issued by the General Officer, Commanding Secunderabad Division, "The General Officer, Commanding Secunderabad Division, has much pleasure in conveying to Major-General W. R. Kenyon Slaney, C.B., and all ranks of Secunderabad Garrison and to the Imperial Service Cavalry of His Highness the Nizam, the high appreciation of His Excellency the Viceroy of their fine appearance on this morning (18th) and of the admirable way in which the main part of all arms and gallop past of the Royal Horse Artillery and Cavalry was performed."

GYMKHANA SPORTS.

HYDERABAD, Oct. 19.

Although the Gymkhana sports were not included in the Viceregal programme, the incident of His Excellency delaying his departure by 24 hours provided the opportunity and accordingly in a few hours arrangements were made by Sir Afsar-ul-Mulk, and at 4-30 p.m. to-day H. E. the Viceroy and suite, H. H. the Nizam and suite, the Resident, Mrs. Pinhey, Miss Pinhey and the Residency staff assembled to witness the programme arranged at the Futteh Maidan which has a fine grand stand and a Royal box and has been the venue when such sports are organized for the amusement of important personages visiting the State. The weather was fine and the sport was entered into by the members of the the Viceregal Staff with a team which was very gratifying to note. The judges were Sir Afsar-ul-Mulk, Major Mahir-Ud-Dawla, Hashim Nawaz Jung Mumtaz Yar Doula, Captain Mir Nadir Ali, Captain S. John Pollett, H. E. Viceroy, H. H. the Nizam, Col. and Mrs. Pinhey, H. E. the Minister, General Sir J. Wilson were among those occupying the Royal box and all evinced the greatest interest in the sports.

The first event was the "Variety Stakes Competitions" to start with a revolver loaded with wax bullets and fire five shots at a dummy circling round it, return revolver, go round the flag, draw swords and cut at a sheep and point at a bulls-eye on a second dummy, leaving the sword in it, go round the flag, pick up a spear from the ground and take a peg. Nawab Mohamed Yar Jung won this event in a fine style, Col. Maxwell V. C. being a good second, cutting his sheep very clearly.

"Section Tent Pegging" came next and was supe latively good, the 1st Lancers team being first with a most excellent "possible." A scratch team composed of the Veteran Sir Afsar-ul-mulk (who took his peg) and Col. Maxwell, Major Fraser and Captain Astor of the Viceregal Staff took two out of four pegs. The 2nd Lancers and A. C. Guards tied for the second place. Troopers from the various native regiments then gave an exhibition of trick riding taking pegs with jumbias and picking a handkerchief from the grounds at a gallop.

A Victoria Cross race was next put on. The competitors consisted of two parties of 22 wearing red and white cockades. On the bugle sounding, the opposing forces attacked and the Red having with them single sticks knocked off all White cockades, the latter were metaphorically bea en and the Red rode and jumped into a zeraba and rescued dummies, but meanwhile Zeraba was reinforced by a band of irregulars who made deafening noise by firing old fashioned matchlocks.

Then came the feature of the day, the arrival of the Cadet Brigade, (so called the Boy Scouts) with miniature cannon. Their artillery opened fire, then the infantry in regulation style advanced in skirmishing order and under cover of a fusilade by guns, the cavalry charged on the Zariba amidst great cheering. The whole scene was prettily coined out and amply proved that in the training of these wonderful little fellows Sir Afsar has endeavoured to teach them field tactics as well as a squad drill. The boys were cheered to the echo as they marched away, but they were booked to return in a few minutes to further amuse the audience with their semapore signalling and wrestling on ponies, in both of which items they proved themselves as thoroughly conversant with as their forbears.

The most amusing events of the afternoon however, where the elephant race and the palanquin race. In the former seven ponderous brutes started each with a passenger and after a neck and neck race the Hon. Hardinge's elephant managed to arrive at the winning post first. The palanquin race caused much merriment, eight competitors led some in palanquins some in dhoolies borne by the ordinary bearers. A false start was made and the competitors, amidst much laughter had to return to the starting point. On the second start Mr. DuBulay's runner stumbled and the palanquin with the Foreign Secretary crashed to the ground. Then two other members of the staff came into a violent collision.

Finally Col. Maxwell and Lieut. Willoughby made the running together and the former came home by a short head and was vociferously cheered as he crawled out of his palanquin the little for wear.

A tug-of-war, a sack race, and a mirth provoking chatty race (the competitors running 50 yards blind-folded with water filled chatties on heads) completed an exciting afternoon's entertainment, and it was dusk before H. E. the Viceroy and H. E. the Nizam departed. A guard of honour of the A.-C. Guards accorded the Viceroy the Royal Salute as he left the grounds.

This morning His Excellency played a game of golf at Bolarum and dines quietly with the Nizam this evening, afterwards leaving at 11-30 from the Hyderabad Station.

PLEADER CENSURED FOR MISCONDUCT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Oct 19.

The full bench of the Judicial Commissioner's Court, composed of Justices Pratt, Fawcett, and Crouch, passed final orders to-day in the matter of the professional misconduct of Mathradas Ramchand, Pleader of Hyderabad (Sind), to the following effect:—As Mathradas has made restitution to his client it is not necessary for us to do more than record this order censuring him for his misconduct.

BOMBS EXPLODE IN CALCUTTA.

[Bengali Youth Killed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 19.

Great excitement was caused in Muchipara, Calcutta, on Tuesday night by a terrific explosion which occurred in Chunapooker Lane. People for a mile round, hearing the detonation, rushed out into the streets and it was the general impression at first that an anarchist bomb-factory had been blown up.

Police inquiries, however, elicited the fact that a young man named Lall Behari Chunder, whose dead body, terribly mutilated, was found lying on a verandah of the house where the explosion took place, had been engaged in making toy bombs and *pottakas* for Kali Puja on the terrace of his house, when the bombs, which numbered over five hundred, exploded.

The unfortunate man was thrown into the air and then precipitated through a staircase on to the floor below, a distance of about 31 feet. Death was instantaneous. The body was so disfigured that his features were absolutely irrecognizable.

THE JHERRIAH COLLIERY FIRE.

Small Hope of Saving Mine.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 19.

The fire at the Bararee Colliery, Jherriah, owned by the East Indian Coal Company, is still raging and appears to have got such a firm hold that it is said there is now little hope of saving the mine. Very little detailed information regarding the fire has yet come through to Calcutta, but from reports received, it appears that it is one of the most serious that has taken place on the Jherriah Coal Fields for some years. The colliery had an out put of 6,000 tons of coal a month so that if it has to be closed down this will be a very serious loss to the company.

KARACHI'S CHIEF OFFICER.

Mr. Brunton's Approaching Retirement.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI Oct. 19.

The Corporation of Karachi unanimously resolved that twelve months' combined leave, with effect from the 31st instant, be granted to Mr. J. F. Brunton, Chief Officer and Chief Engineer, and in view of the fact that he would attain the age 55 on 27th January, 1913, and as expressed by him that he had no desire to serve thereafter if he be allowed to retire from Municipal service at the expiration of the leave, i.e., two months 28 days before his attaining the age of 55 years and he be permitted to draw the full amount of Provident Fund including Municipal contribution and interest thereon subject to the sanction of the Commissioner in Sind. The Corporation recorded the sense of the great loss to the Municipality caused by the termination, owing to the ill health of Mr. Brunton's eminent services. His long and valuable connection with the Municipality as its able Chief Officer has been a source of strength to the Municipality and has contributed to the efficiency of its administration.

The recommendation of the Managing Committee to appoint Mr. Mershaw Lee, acting Chief Officer and Chief Engineer, and to make the earliest possible arrangement to fill up the permanent appointment was adopted.

TRANS-BORDER RAIDS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 19.

The Kohat correspondent of the *Tribune* says that on the 12th instant at about half past eight in the night a gang of trans-border raiders, numbering fifteen to 20 fully armed, entered the city of Kohat from Jangalkhel. They were not noticed as they wore ordinary clothes and concealed their rifles. A constable who challenged them was shot dead by one of the party of raiders who then went to the shop of Ramchand Santaram, Bankers, and commenced breaking iron safes and began to fire, to scare the people away. One shot killed a Sikh passer by, Mr. Chatterjee, a Bengali clerk, in the employ of the Principal Medical Officer, who lived in the upper storey of the premises, thereupon opened fire on the robbers below in the bazar. His shots wounded one or two raiders whereupon they made good their escape without further mischief.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 19.

Major Bousfield, 123rd Rifles, is selected for 2nd-in-Command of that Regiment.

Capt. W. S. Dayrell, 72nd Punjabis, has been selected to succeed Major A. V. W. Hope, 23rd Sikhs, as Station Staff Officer, Secunderabad.

Sanction has been given to the employment of Lieut. C. L. Waters, 2nd Battalion, Royal Berkshire Regiment, with the Northern Nigeria Regiment.

Capt. J. D. F. Woodhouse, 14th Hussars, has been appointed Adjutant of the Nottinghamshire Yeomanry.

Major Kirke, 59th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, is posted to 92nd Battery on promotion.

Capt. Ballingall, 13th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, is posted to No. 2 Ammunition Column.

Lieut. A. F. Jarrett, No. 70 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, is posted to No. 4 Mountain Battery.

The following unattached list officers are attached to British Regiments as shown:—

1st (Peshawar) Division—2nd Lieuts R. T. Sweet-A. V. Hamond, B. W. Onslow, G. C. Hockin, A. P. Rodgerson, C. F. L. Stevens, C. G. Royston, all of 2nd Battalion, Royal West Kent Regiment; H. H. Marwell, D. G. Rule, and E. G. Hind, all of the 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment.

2nd (Rawalpindi) Division—G. Watson, J. G. Byrne, E. W. R. Reynolds, H. E. Silver, all of 1st Battalion, Royal Sussex Regiment.

4th (Quetta) Division—R. J. F. P. Meade, E. R. Watson, C. F. Marriott, all of 1st Battalion, Essex Regiment; K. F. Channer, 2nd Battalion, Royal Welsh Fusiliers; F. E. Cubbon, 1st Battalion, York and Lancaster Regiment; J. Campbell, 2nd, Battalion, Royal Irish Fusiliers.

5th (Mhow) Division—E. J. Shearer, R. A. Graham, both of 1st Battalion, Manchester Regiment; R. A. J. Thomson, 2nd Battalion, Cheshire Regiment; B. R. Mullaly, 1st Battalion, Durham Light Infantry.

7th (Meerut) Division—2nd Lieut. C. N. Harding 4th Battalion, Worcestershire Regiment; S. F. Ormsby, 1st Battalion, King's Own Scottish Borderers; E. W. Geits, 1st Battalion, Seaforth Highlanders; F. B. W. Dinley, R. E. M. Durand, W. G. Cowley, all of 2nd Battalion, Royal Berkshire Regiment.

8th (Lucknow) Division,—G. O. Simson, H. G. Rivett Carnac, both of 1st Battalion, Royal Scots.

9th (Secunderabad) Division,—G. C. Armstrong, 1st Battalion, Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment; H. A. Wellesley, A. P. Cunningham, both of 2nd Battalion, Norfolk Regiment.

EN PASSANT.

One of the invariable signs of approach of the so-called cold season of Bombay is the obscuration of Malabar Hill in the early hours of working days of Mill-land. The prevailing winds, veering Nor' by Nor'-East, drive volumes of black smoke across the island which, being incapable of absorption in the dense atmosphere of intervening space, envelopes the fair prospect in a fog resembling the worst of a November visitation in the great Metropolis.

Probably to dwellers on the South West slopes of the Hill the effects are less than aspects so that no very pronounced agitation against the smoke nuisance has emanated from their quarter. So far the proposed legislation against this evil seems notorious in ineffectiveness. Perhaps all concerned have lapsed into a state of tolerance laying unction to their souls in the prospect of an early substitution of electricity for coal, as anticipated in the great Lanouli scheme. It may be that hopes in this direction will be delusive in the majority of cases, for it has yet to be proved that advantage will so range on the side of electric power as to put out of action, or even temporarily suspend, the magnificence and efficiency of present prime movers, which in the majority of mills have a large reserve of power. Still with a more serious administration of the Smoke Nuisance Act must come the universal introduction of mechanical contrivances to palliate the abuse which assuredly increases with time.

One thing would seem open for our City Fathers to initiate, viz., compulsory resort to electricity as a motive power in the smaller type of factories which are springing up in many directions, in thickly populated parts of the town, instead of steam or the less objectionable oil engine.

There are score of factories engaged in various manufactures scattered over Bombay, the majority of which are amenable to little or no system of surveillance, or control, by the State and which, apart from objection on the score of motive power, degenerate into public nuisances. They are also too often the centres of sweating of poorer class of women and children, which will be no man's business to interfere with until, may be, the Press starts the hammering process calculated to penetrate the adamantine faculties of the powers-that-be.

But when one touches upon the question of public nuisance in Bombay he takes on a tall order. A very prominent objection may be briefly referred to, which it does not take a very sensitive nostril to to locate, even if actual ocular demonstration, were wanting. There seems to be no deterrent steps taken against offenders against common decency who utilise open drains in important thoroughfares rather than proceed a few yards to public conveniences. In cases like these, though a law really exists, it is seldom put in force, the ordinary policeman is either ignorant of it, or treats the offence as beneath his notice. The remedy is primarily in the hands of the Municipality who should provide more such conveniences if necessary and make it the duty of its staff to prosecute offenders. But a law, that requires in administration recourse to the ordinary routine observed in penal offences, is too unwieldly for these acts. Summary treatment should be permitted by any Justice of the Peace in the locality where an offence is detected. There are hundreds of these worthies distributed in every part of the City who might reasonably deal with the matter making the Civic honour they bear more than an empty one. While on the subject it might be asked why a system of underground lavatory and public convenience could not be introduced more especially in many of our Fort thoroughfares doing away with the present unsightly places. In these days of advanced Sanitary Engineering what were once considered unsurmountable difficulties regarding levels can be overcome.

Playgoers of a by-gone Era may find their impressions of the part somewhat disturbed by the new version of the immortal Rip van Winkle recently staged at home, with these embellishments for which the present age is famous in scenic art. Dion Boucicault's adaptation of the old world story with Joseph Jefferson as "Rip" possibly holes the record for representation. For nearly 40 years this was, with one or two exceptions, the only part that gifted acter appeared in, and his fame was world wide. Some time later in the seventies I witnessed a revival of the play at, if my memory serves me, the Princess' theatre in Oxford Street, one of the old homes of melo-drama. That charming actress Rose Coghlan (a recognised exponent of Boucicault's heroines at the time) was in the caste, as also was the ill-fated William Terriss. Mr. Cyril Maude now assays the character supported by his wife (nee Winifred Emery, the clever daughter of that splendid old actor Sam Emery) and his daughter. Rip has proved to be quite safe in the hands of this now mellowed Actor, and the production is spoken of as being, just now, one of the most attractive items in town. The scenic achievements of the 2nd Act, which portrays the wanderings of Rip in the Catskill mountains, have rarely been equalled. The effects were designed by Mr. Maude and in the execution of them Mr. Helmsley, the painter, would seem to have surpassed his best efforts.

The protest recently raised by a Correspondent in your columns against the exhibition of morbid and harrowing subjects, such as "The Grip of Alcohol" displayed a few days ago at one of the local picture shows, is possibly echoed in the minds of many who patronise these entertainments. The Cinematograph does not lend itself to tragic situations, and when, as in the recent production of "The tale of two Cities", an effort was made to add reality by the introduction of stage clamour (to wit at the picture depicting the assault on the Bastile) the effect is ridiculous. Many of us are probably familiar with Charles Warner's immensely powerful delineation of the drunkard, in the adaptation of Zola's "L'Assommoir," and of the tendency accredited to it of furthering the cause of temperance. This supposed virtue may be dismissed as remote in effect. And the moving picture above alluded to must equally fail. The terrifying effect was possibly confined to the childish visitor, or the female with nerves. The majority of frequenters to these picture shows will agree that the main attraction lies in the ultra-farcical turns, or the topsy-turvy situations of domesticity, which create the maximum of laughter, and that without these the entertainment would become flat, stale and unprofitable.

One does not, however, hear so much about the moral teashing derivable from the Drama in these days, a theory much advocated and often preached from the pulpit some three decades or more ago. At that time the stage, as far as actual productions were concerned, had the minimum of objectionable elements. Gilbert and Sullivan, H. J. Byron, Boucicault, Albery, Wills, with others of similar, or less, importance, shared popularity with occasional revivals of the older plays. Adaptations of the French were more or less closely scrutinized by the Censor, and I call to mind at least one play of the kind that was proscribed, which, compared with recent productions, was mild in the extreme. Public taste has undergone a great change. The age panders to the suggestive. Good old virtue triumphant over evil is sneered at as of the namby-pamby. It may be very much feared that the "I don't care what becomes of me" spirit rendered so popular in present day comic opera is growing more typical of real life in our daughters. But there remains so far one gratifying element in the fact that such actors whose names have been signally honoured by the knightly prefix are those who have stood for the higher walks of the Drama, a fact which we would believe is more than coincidental. And if the inference can be fitted in with coming events in a similar connection one may well express the hope that the intellect of Bombay will support the "legitimate" to be represented in Mr. Matheson Lang's repertoire.

LE TATILLON.

TROOPS BY THE "PLASSY."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 19.

The H. T. "Plassy" left Southampton on the 11th October and is due at Bombay on 2nd November with the following troops on board:—The 7th Hussars and drafts for the 13th Hussars; 1st Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles; 14th Hussars; 2nd Battalion, Worcestershire Regiment; 3rd Battalion, Middlesex Regiment; 6th Dragoons; 2nd Battalion, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment; 1st Battalion, Dublin Fusiliers; 1st Battalion, Middlesex Regiment; 8th Hussars; and the 1st Battalion, Highland Light Infantry.

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

LADIES WHOSE BRIGHT EYES, by Ford Madox Hueffer (Constable)—Is a curious historical romance. Curious because it all happened to a twentieth century individual. The hero, Mr. William Sorrell, an extremely up-to-date publisher, having been injured in a railway accident near Salisbury, awakes to find himself transported to the fourteenth century, to his great perplexity, for all the time he is fully conscious of his own identity and of the normal conditions of his twentieth century existence, a circumstance that invests his adventures and experiences with whimsical humour. The story is wonderfully clever. The details are so very correct, the grand old castles in which are mingled so much magnificence and such abject squalor most of the people too are so true to their period.

FOX FARM by Warwick Duping (Cassell)—A good well written story, but the subject is a very old one. A husband and wife of such totally different characters, like oil and water—Jesse Falconer, the owner of Fox Farm regards himself as "unlucky," really he is quite unsuited to farm life. Things go from bad to worse until one day Falconer has an accident and becomes blind. His wife and a neighbour take over the farm and they fall in love with each other. Falconer sells them the stock and goes away with a girl or rather the girl goes with him and the story is continued with their tramping. They are suited to each other and are happy. So all ends well.

NO MAN'S LAND by Louis J. Vance (Grant Richards)—A real sensational novel, well written and interesting. The heroine, Katherine, has two lovers, Garrett Coast and Mr. Black stock. One evening Coast is one of a party of five gaged at cards at Blackstock's rooms. One of the number gets drunk and quarrelsome, and is shot dead by Blackstock. As the police are coming upstairs Blackstock makes a feint at shooting himself. Coast wrests the revolver from him, and is at once denounced by him as the murderer, and is arrested with the smoking weapon in his hand. Coast of course is sentenced to death. The truth comes out later and Coast is liberated to find that the villain has married Katherine. Coast now begins his wanderings, which take him to No Man's Land where he discovers the villain. There are no end of incidents, amusing and otherwise, but it all ends well and that is the principal part of a good story.

THE MUCK RAKE by Norman McKeown (Constable)—To an up-to-date romance of the West Australian gold mines, written in a fresh, direct, vigorous style that reminds one of Charles Reade in his best days. The excitement is maintained at high pressure right through, and that by perfectly legitimate means, for while there are plenty of thrilling moments, they all occur quite naturally, and are never dragged in for the sake of effect, and all the people are very human and convincing.

LALAGE'S LOVERS, by George A. Birmingham (Methuen)—Lalage Beresford is a mischief loving girl. How she libels twenty-three bishops, how she so deeply impresses upon the electors of East Down that all public men are liars, that of four thousand voters only five hundred trouble to vote for the three candidates; how she gets the archdeacon to accuse her of simony, and then to propose marriage; how in one way and another she upsets all her friends and a good deal of Ireland—all this makes a bright and sparkling tale full of ingenious turns and clever dialogue.

STALKS IN THE HIMALAYA by E. P. Stebbing (Lane)—These jottings of a great sportsman and a gifted and a learned naturalist deal with big game shooting in the plains and valleys of one of the most fascinating regions on this earth. Markhor, goral, tahr, ibex, bharal, urial, musk-deer, Himalayan tiger, panther, and black bear. Kashmere stag and barking deer have all been described before, but never so vividly to our mind. Their homes and habits, their appearance and their tracks, and the difficult and perilous art of stalking them could not be told in a more entertaining and thorough manner. The author, too, is an artist in more than one way, has an eye for the picturesque, is an expert at describing bits of scenery, and proves superabundantly that "the actual killing is not the finest part of stalking."

THE KINGDOMS OF THE WORLD by Lloyd Osbourne (Methuen)—This novel is by Robert Louis Stevenson's stepson. He collaborated with his step-father in "The Wreckers." It is an exciting story. There is a mystery, which has to do with a Pacific island and later on with a voyage in a mysterious ship, and quite a different sort of story deals with the adventuresof a young man trying to get work in an American town.

HONEYMOONING IN RUSSIA by Ruth K. Wood Fisher Unwin—A bright amusing book written by an American lady. She has a somewhat exaggerated notion of the dangers the foreign tourist runs in the autocratic land of the Tzar and the passports appears evident, and one is vaguely inclined to believe that having made up her mind that she and her "Philip" would have all kinds of adventures and perilous experiences, she refused to be disappointed. A few of the dramatic episodes read as if they had been a little exaggerated, and the story of the interview with the Tzar, the Tzaritza, and their children in the imperial nursery at Tsarskoe Selo is also somewhat unconvincing. On the whole, however, this travel-book makes very pleasant and even enlightening reading, and succeeds in giving a fair idea of the complex atmosphere of Russia, a great achievement in itself.

Mr. Joseph Conrad's new book "Under Western Eyes", published by Messrs. Methuen on October 5th is a psychological romance not unlikely to strengthen the hands of those critics who have found in his remarkable work kinship with Turgenev. In the author's own words, his novel is "the sustained psychology of a mood having its origin in a crime and ending in a moral revolt which breaks it down." The scene is modern Russia.

"Dan Russel the Fox", by E. C. Somerville and Martin Ross, shortly to be published by Messr

LAND REVENUE IN BOMBAY:

Government Resolution.

The following Government Resolution reviewing the Land-Revenue Administration Report, Part I, of the Bombay Presidency, including Sind, for the year 1909-10, is published.

The season of 1909-10 was very favourable throughout the Presidency proper, except in some parts of the Central Division. In Sind the inundation was unsatisfactory and the year is described as only fair. The net current demand of the year in the Presidency proper amounted to 308 1-2 lakhs, of which 300 1-4 lakhs were collected, and 4 lakhs suspended, so that 4 1-4 lakhs remained unauthorisedly in arrears. Of the 4 lakhs under suspension 2 1-2 lakhs relate to the Poona district. The bulk of the unauthorised arrears at the close of the year were due from the districts of Kaira, Ahmednagar, Poona, Satara and Dharwar. The total arrears, authorised and unauthorised, on account of former years amounted to 94 3-4 lakhs at the beginning of the year. Of these 5 lakhs were written off as irrecoverable, leaving 89 3-4 lakhs for recovery. The collection of 38 1-2 lakhs of this amount was formally postponed and of the remainder 42 lakhs were collected, while 9 1-4 lakhs still remained in arrears at the end of the year. Half of these unauthorised arrears were due from the districts of Kaira, Ahmednagar, and Poona, and one-fourth from the districts of Ahmedabad, Sholapur and Satara. The total net demand of the Presidency proper therefore amounted to 398 lakhs, of which 342 lakhs were collected—4 53-4 lakhs more than in the preceding year—when the collections, in turn, exceeded those of 1907-08 by 38 lakhs. The figures of outstanding arrears at the close of each of these three years indicate the recovery made since the unfavourable season of 1907-08.

	Arrears.	Authorised.	Unauthorised.	Total.
		Lakhs.	Lakhs.	Lakhs.
1907-08		91	24 1-4	115 1-4
1908-09		76	18 3-4	94 3-4
1909-10		42 1-2	13 1-2	56

Of the 56 lakhs in arrears at the end of 1909-10, the recoverable amount is reported to be 33 lakhs. On the whole, the collection of the land revenue demand has been satisfactorily carried out and it is understood that in those districts of the Deccan where alone the position at the end of 1909-10 seemed unsatisfactory, improved collections were made during the following year.

As the result of the unfavourable inundation in Sind, the area under cultivation fell by 4 3-4 lakhs of acres and the revenue demand for the year fell by 11 3-4 lakhs of rupees. The net revenue demand of the year was 97 1-2 lakhs, of which 93 1-2 lakhs were collected, leaving 1 3-4 lakhs of authorised and 2 1-4 lakhs of unauthorised arrears at the close of the year. In addition, arrears of revenue on account of previous years amounted to 11 1-2 lakhs. Of this sum, about a lakh was written off as irrecoverable and of the remainder 5 1-2 lakhs were collected, leaving 5 lakhs in arrears, of which half had been authorisedly suspended. At the close of the year there were altogether 4 1-4 lakhs of authorised and 4 3-4 lakhs of unauthorised arrears, or a total of 9 lakhs against 11 1-2 lakhs at the close of the previous year. As in the preceding year, the unauthorised arrears were largest in the district of Hyderabad and it is noticeable that in both years very little use was made in this district of the power to fine defaulters under section 148 of the Land Revenue Code.

In the Presidency proper, 12 1-4 lakhs of tagai were distributed, or 2 1-4 lakhs less than in 1908-09 and 13 3-4 lakhs less than in 1907-08. The demand, including 7 3-4 lakhs of arrears, amounted to 48 3-4 lakhs, of which 41 lakhs were collected. After allowing for suspensions, remissions and payments in advance, the unauthorised arrears at the close of the year amounted to 8 1-2 lakhs. In the circumstances of the season and a view of the recent equitable redistribution of instalments in most districts, this result must be considered unsatisfactory. The districts chiefly accountable for the deficiency are Ahmednagar (2 1-2 lakhs) and Poona (one lakh). In Sind, advances amounted to 7 1-4 lakhs. Out of 6 lakhs on account of instalments due in the current year and 4 3-4 lakhs due on account of arrears, 4 1-4 lakhs and 2 1-4 lakhs respectively were collected. At the close of the year the total unauthorised arrears amounted to 4 1-2 lakhs, of which 3 1-4 lakhs were due in the two districts of Karachi and Hyderabad. Government consider that increased stringency in the collection of tagai dues is necessary in the province.

INDIAN CAVALRY RELIEFS.

Revised Programme.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 19.

Owing to the anticipated scarcity of fodder and water on the lines of the route to be traversed by the units concerned, the Government of India have sanctioned the following revised programme of Indian Cavalry Reliefs to be carried out during 1911-12:—The 14th Jat Lancers will go from Bannu to Risalpur instead of the original move; the 25th Cavalry from Risalpur to Bannu instead of the original move; the 1st D. Y. O. Lancers from Dera Ismail Khan to Peshawar instead of the original move; the 35th Scinde Horse from Peshawar to Dera Ismail Khan instead of to Ambala; the 9th Hodson's Horse from Cawnpore to Ambala instead of to Sialkot; the 35th Jacob's Horse from Ambala to Cawnpore instead of the original move; the 8th Cavalry, from Ambala to Jhansi instead of to Aurangabad; the 32th Lancers from Jhansi to Ambala instead of the original move; the 38th Central India Horse from Agra, to Poona instead of the original move; the 39th Central India Horse from Goona to Agra instead of the original move; the 34th Poona Horse from Aurangabad to Secunderabad instead of the original move; the 33rd Light Cavalry from Secunderabad to Aurangabad instead of to Jhansi.

The following corps will stand fast for another year:—10th Lancers, Jullunder; 22nd Cavalry, Sialkot; 20th Deccan Horse, Bangalore; 13th Lancers, Loralai; 15th Lancers. Risalpur; 26th Light Cavalry, Poona.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LD.

The monthly statement of earnings for Sept, 1911.

	Earnings for September, 1911.	Increase or Decrease over same month last year.	
	Rs.	Rs.	per cent.
Electric Traction.....	1,89,719	+ 15,335	+ 8·79
*Electric Supply.....	57,896	+ 10,182	+ 21·33
Total.....	2,47,614	+ 25,517	+ 11·48

	Total Earnings from January 1911.	Increase or Decrease over same period last year.	
	Rs.	Rs.	per cent.
Electric Traction.....	16,77,367	+1,03,311	+ 6·56
*Electric Supply ...	4,80,039	+ 85,151	+ 21·56
Total.....	21,57,406	+1,88,462	+ 9·57

* Exclusive of power supplied to the Tramways.

It is proposed to open a public library in Lucknow on Monday next. It will include lending and reference departments and will be conducted on the lines of libraries in Lahore and Calcutta.

SPORTING NEWS.

THE POONA RACING SEASON.

A Review.

With Monday's racing the Poona Season of 1911 came to a close, and it is pleasant to record that, with one exception, every detail required for success was present. The exception was in the matter of class, as we have only to draw a line through the result of the principal events to see that those who won or finished close up have always been regarded in the light of second-rate animals. On many occasions in the past we have been able to form a very fair idea as to those likely to do well in the important races—Viceroy's Cup and Trials—during the ensuing Calcutta races, but now we are as much in the dark about the former event as we were before the monsoon. We know that Mayfowl for instance is doing well, though he was presumably not quite ready, and, in the Western India Stakes, the prominent running of Aborigine was conclusive enough proof that he is running into something like his Cup form in Australia; but there was nothing really tangible. Hilarity and Gallileo have both undoubtedly improved and Black Douglas, for a horse landed only six months ago, shewed himself a stout-hearted stayer who may continue to improve, but here again we cannot seriously consider the chances of any of these in the classical long distance events to come, and at the present moment suppose the Cup has a more open aspect than it has had for some years.

HIGH CLASS OF SPRINTERS.

On the other hand, we have been fortunate enough to see a very high class of sprinters meet, and have had every chance of forming an opinion as to their relative abilities with the Trials in view. It might, however, be said at once that there is only one horse at all likely to be able to pass it with the old ones, and that of course is Aquatic. Out of three starts, he won twice and was only beaten a head at a difference of a pound by such a tried sprinter as Lumination. These being his first runs in the country, it is only natural that he may be expected to improve further, though there are many points to consider, one of which is that Lumination was not quite at her best. One thing which seems certain is that the new-comer likes time to find his legs in a race all of which are favourable impressions for a race such as the Trials. Last year's winner, unfortunately, broke down, and, though they propose going for a sprint or two we did not like the look of his legs when last seeing him, but his former rivals, Soultline and Lumination, are all there. Each won in turn, and one can find no further remarks to make than those made in the past. Soultline has always been a difficult horse to train, long as his trainer has tested him, and ones more he shewed that he runs best fresh. In dead-heating with Hoppner he was unlucky in leaving the barrier about four lengths to the bad, but even considering that,he began to go "stale" after his initial win. I think it asking too much of Black Douglas as yet to name him as the probable winner; he wants time, but there is no reason why Punt should not be included in the 'possibles.' He is a slow starter and has always shewn a preference for six rather than five furlongs, so that a mile should suit him. In losing the race, Hilarity won. We must again point out that he was robbed of his chance by Coat of Arms, and taking the subsequent running of Solution, for instance, we can only say that we think him to have been unfucky to lose the race, even though not placed.

Jump events have not been as well-supported as they might have been, and that a comparatively poor class was run is evident when reverting to the Deccan Plate. Here Five Crown was giving away a stone and a half and over this to all other starters and won as he liked. Realm made up in a small way for the great disappointment he has been and Sholi did himself justice, but one must admit that whereas the pony jump races no longer figure at all, the horse ones had very little in them.

When a newly-imported animal reaches form we are almost invariably led to over-rate him, and this was the case when Leo Grande met Refresher at level weights. It was no race at any part. Quite a deal of weight will have to be given away before they can be brought together and there is no doubt that Refresher still stands supreme amongst the 14-2's. Borgie and Ask Mama are other horses with reputations, the former giving promise, but the latter continually failing after a strong finish at her first run which gave an unmerited good impression. Encourage continues to be a good servant and an honest stayer. In fact, on occasion he surprises his own connections as did Wild Boy his.

ARAB PERFORMANCES.

Turning to the Arabs, the most sensational improvement over long distances is shown by Zainulmulook, who now advances into the front rank to give his owner an ever stronger hand. In Tajilmulook, also, he has one who is always dangerous and one who emulates Young Salanic in lowering the colours of the great Precious, but in this case, the season ended without the old champion re-establishing himself. Valens has run consistently, but without a win, as also his stable companion Parliament but Thaboor came back to form. Over middle distances we have had some very interesting problems to work out, and the rivalry between Grand Duke, Sir Hugo, Meazer, Braganza has existed almost throughout the season. Prognostication as to the future doings of a horse could hardly have been more fully justified than that made in these columns about Baloz when he first ran. He subsequently won no less than five times and proved himself to be a wonderful fighter over a distance, suggesting that there is still even more to come from him yet than his most recent and best performance.

So closely do our best sprinters vie with one another that they are easily handicapped and consequently make picking out difficult for the public. Abdul Malik and Majesty were the great rivals in Bombay, but, since the former has been added to the latter's stable, he has shewn superiority. Rajput also ran right up to his best form, which he could not achieve in Bombay, and between these and Lookman over short distances there is practically nothing better. One might, in fact, almost add Zoolphokarr, Ashroff and Jehangir, as no very studied juggling of weights is necessary to bring all of them together. Two recently landed ponies who gave promise at the onset in Bombay have brought their owners good luck, these being Singer and Young Majub, a stone is possibly more than ample to bring them up to any of those mentioned, and as they are yet new to the country we have to look to them as our future champions. Their last meeting in the concluding race of the season will long be remembered and discussed, as a more brilliant win than Young Majub's would be impossible. Taylor rode a very strong finish, but how good the pony must be may be gauged from the fact that he was interfered with at the start, and in running from last into first place he had to lose a good deal of ground by coming anything but the shortest way round the bend,

THE STATISTICS.

The statistics as a finale are always looked with considerable interest, and amongst the owners' figures there is nothing to surprise us. Those expected to figure at the top are there. That Mr. Ali bin Talib is a big winner, as was only as anticipated, but that he should be on top is remarkable considering the fact that he reserves himself to Arabs only. His string have been in good form, and though he misses a chance for the bigger stakes offered for English and Waler horses he has scored very heavily over all distances in the smaller events. Mr. R. R. S. at one time promised to be there, but latterly he met with but little success, whereas Mr. Goculdass commenced poorly and ended brilliantly. As to Mr. Kelso, the merit of his position in the fourth place lies in the fact that his is a comparatively small string, and the same remark may be applied to Mr. Apear.

Bleach comes out top, of the trainers' list with Byramjee and Mustapha, Ali bin Talib of course close up, then C. B. Mahomed in his several interests and Ramshaw, who did not bring many from Bangalore, but shoes them wisely.

Turning to jockeys, Ferguson has had a wonderfully successful time and his re-engagement by Mr. Ali bin Talib has meant many popular wins added to those for his father, in Mr. Galstaun's interests. Evans figures second, and there are no two opinions about his strength and judgment, factors which have earned him the full confidence of the public. Ill-health has had everything to do with a falling off in the wins secured by Brown. He rode with all his old pluck and cleverness and seemed sure to be top again, but the last days have gone bye without a bracket for him. Barrett also wound up poorly after a good beginning, and Hoyt's fortunes have of course, gone the same way as Mr. Goculdass's. Kuhn remained here longer than last time and consequently is well up in the list, riding a good, cool race which will always find him mounts. Taylor, a specialist on Arabs, has regained all his old strength of finish, and he, Robinson and Southall are continuing to shew up in their turns.

WINNING OWNERS.

	Nett. Rs.
Mr. Ali bin Talib	32,350
Mr. R. R. S	22,900
Mr. M. Goculdass	21,825
Mr. Kelso	18,000
Mr. J. C. Galstaun	15,425
Mr. A. A. Apear	14,150
Mr. G. K.	13,880
Messrs. M. Goculdass & A Nanjee...	11,600
Mr. A. S. Oomer	8,150
Zamindar of Sivagiri	7,650
Mr. Homi Billimoria	5,500
Chief of Mangavadar	5,000
Mr. P. B. Avasia	4,950
Mr. F. M. Garda	4,350
Mr. J. M. Mistry	4,250
Mr. Beg	3,700
Mr. J. Crawford	3,600
Mr. Kenworthy	3,050
H. H. The Kour Saheb of Patiala...	3,000
Capt. Hodgson	2,600
Mr. Ahmed Hazamy	2,500
Mr. D. S. Mehta	2,400
Mr. Heath	2,350
Mr. Zaid bin Mahomed... ...	2,100
Capt. E. A. Feilden	2,100
H. H. the Maharaja Jam Saheb ...	2,000
Messrs. Mujid Jurgis & A.S. Oomer.	1,600
Mr. Eejes	1,600
Mr. H. Jamsetjee	1,600
Mr. D. B. Captain	1,300
Mr. A. J. DeSouza	1,300
Mr. R. S. Forage	1,250
Messrs. E and T. Effendi ...	1,250
Mr. H. G. Lush Wilson... ...	1,200
Mr. Gold	1,100
Mr. D. Gordon...	1,000
Mr. Valijee Moosajee	1,000
Mr. Aboobsaker A. Rehman ...	1,000
Mr. Abdoola Faras	1,000
Mr. A. N. Dass	1,000
Mr. Man Mohan	900
Lt.-Col. A. A. Jones	900
Mr. A. W. Molony	800
Mr. Habib	800
Mr. Bampfylde	800
Nawab Moinuddin	800
Mr. Julian	750
Mr. Habibe	750
Aga Mirza Ahmed	750
Capt. Mansel	700
Mr. Eastwood	700
Mr. J. P. Raja	650
Capt. G. Lucas	600
Mr. Jedders Fisher	600
Mr. Danoon Zaidan	600
Messrs Ali bin Talib and M. Goculdass	550
Lt.-Col. W. Beever	500
Mr. Abdool Aziz Essa	500
Mr. A. A. Suleman	500
Mr. S. A. Wahed	500
Mr. Kadoo bin Saleh	500
Mr. Jassim M. Essa	500
Mr. Brain	500
Major Campbell	400
Messrs Jawad and Elias Issak ...	300
Mr. A. H. M. Wilson	300
Mr. A. Rendel...	300
Messrs Hajee Mahmood Mahomed and Faraj bin Sanad ...	250
Capt. Caffyn	200
Capt. Hildebrand	200
Capt. Fell	200
Capt. Leahy	200
Messrs. Archdeacon and Francis ...	200
Mr. Torrington	200
Mr. J. C. Smith	200
Mr. A. Fraser...	200
Mr. A. M. Mana	200
Mr. Nasar Abdoola	200
Mr. A. K. Dakayel	200
Mr. Yussuf bin Essa	200
Mr. D. G. Dhere	200
Mr. Dawood Amani	100
Mr. L. Kalidass	100
Mr. Lavand	100
Major Barlow	100
Major Greig	50
Capt. Meynell...	50

TRAINERS.

Mr. C. Bleach...	24a
Mr. Byramjee Rustomjee ...	18
Mr. Ali bin Talib	17
Mr. C. B. Mahomed	10a
Mr. E. C. Ramshaw	9
Mr. T. Ferguson	7a
Mr. Cowasjee Burjorjee	6
Mr. D. Greenhalgh	5
Mr. A. S. Oomer	5
Mr. J. Watson...	4
Mr. Saleh Dakeel	4
Mr. I. Penton...	3
Mr. Goolam Ally	3
Mr. R. Benee	3
Mr. Mahomed Jamal	3
Mr. J. M. Stevenson	2
Mr. Ahmed Hazamy	2
Mr. Saccaram	2
Mr. W. A. Fowler	1
Mr. W. Mumford	1
Mr. J. E. Smith	1
Mr. Abdool bin Essa	1
Mr. S. A. Wahed	1
Mr. R. S. Forage	1
Mr. Zaid bin Mahomed... ...	1
Mr. Shaik Kassum	1
Mr. Abdoola Faras	1

JOCKEYS.

	1st.	2nd.	3rd	Unptd.
A. Ferguson ...	25a	13a	21	38
W. Evans ...	19a	11a	8	44
P. Brown ...	18a	23a	14a	32
A. Hoyt ...	16	11a	20	53
C. Barrett ...	13	10	13	47
A. Kuhn ...	9	7	10	44
J. Robinson ...	5	7a	9	41
W. Southall ...	5	6	5	53
J. Taylor ...	5	3	2	12
L. C. Hoyt ...	4	1	1a	15
J. Hill... ...	3a	3	5	13
J. McGlone ...	2	1	0	26
E. Ames ...	2	4	1	17
W. Hayhoe ...	2	1	1	3
S. Poole ...	1	0	0	23
Yussuf ...	1	2	2	25
Dhondi ...	1	0	0	11
W. Northmore ...	1	0	1	3
S. Vincent ...		2	1	10
R. Spencer ...		2	0	6
Kamad		2	1	34
W. Luckman ...		2	1	8
Mujeed		3	2	35
Fahad		2	0	15
W. Bland ...		1	0	10
F. O'Neill ...			2	19
F. Ferguson ...			1	3
Hazza ...			1	9
T. Melsom ...				8
W. Bullock ...				12
C. Fisher ...				10
S. Bennett ...				5
Ettel				15
Heeroo				7
W. Bratton ...				2
H. Westherall ...				2
Gooloo				3
R. Fraser ...				2
J. Fraser ...				2
J. Southall ...				1
W. Keiss ...				1
A. Harrison ...				1
Meahjan Ahmed ...				1

a Denotes dead-heat.

WEEKLY PLAGUE MORTALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 19.

The mortality from plague in India during the last week was 10,452 seizure and 7,372 deaths the Bombay Presidency accounting for 4,826 fatal cases in the Madras Presidency there were 858 deaths, in Bengal 97, the United Provinces 166, the Punjab 28, Burma 14, the Central Provinces 449, Berar 521, Hyderabad 198 and Central India 25.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 19.

The coast observations off the Arabian Sea do no show definitely the position of the storm. It is probable that it is receding from the land and travelling towards Arabia. The weather is disturbed in the Gulf of Siam and it is possible that the depression from there may shortly pass out into the Andaman Sea. The rainfall has continued in the South Peninsula and has extended along the west coast to Poona. The principal amounts are:—Tuticorin, Bijapur, Pamban, Mangpata, Coimbatore and Mercara report one inch, Calicut, one and a half; Cochin, three. The forecast shows an increase in rainfall in the south-east of the Peninsula.

The Port Officer Bombay has received the following telegram from the Meteorological Department at Simla:—"Storm Signal. Storm now at considerable distance from coast and apparently travelling towards Arabia."

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 19th OCTOBER.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Food-grains doing well. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops. Toria sowings completed. Gram sowings continue.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton ready for picking in some places. Rabi sowings progressing favourably.

Mooltan.—Cotton picking general. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Wheat being sown.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Cawnpore.—Seasonable. All crops doing well.

Beawar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants flourishing. Cotton crop prospects improving. Cotton picking commenced.

Amraoti.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton arrivals expected early.

Khamgaon.—Looks like rain. Crop prospects generally good.

Dhulia.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants showing bolls.

Jalgaon.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking partially begun.

Broach.—Bright, no sign of rain. Drought still continues. Unusually hot. Cotton plants in flower, want more rain. Cotton plants slightly damaged by drought. Cotton crop accounts less favourable. Cotton first sowing in flower and showing bolls. Cotton plants flowering advanced.

Viramgam.—Drought still continues. Rain much needed generally.

Wadhwan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants flowering advanced.

Barsi.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants in flower and buds. Cotton in the low grounds doing well but poor on high land. Cotton smaller area sown this year. Cotton crop accounts unfavourable. Cotton first sowing in flower and sowing bolls. Cotton crop estimate four annas. Food-grains and wheat prospects improving. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops and the prospects of which are generally good.

Sholapur.—Cloudy, but no rain. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

Hubli.—Looks like clearing up. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants flourishing. Food-grains doing well. Crop prospects improving.

Bellary.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants want more rain.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 19th OCTOBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 19th October, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is fairly normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in excess at Mainpuri, night temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. Humidity is above the average in lower Sind, below in north Rajputana and equal to it elsewhere. Temperature is normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual at most places. Maximum temperature is in defect at Dwarka and in excess over the rest of the division; the minimum is also in excess at Bhavnagar Para and Surat.

The Central Provinces.—Raipur records 0·10" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is above the average in the western districts.

The Konkan.—Ratnagiri reports 0·14" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air has been slightly damper in the north Konkan. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay, Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the south Bombay Deccan. Sholapur has had 0·13", Bijapur 1·21", and Poona 0·13," skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is damper then usual in the area of rainfall. Temperature is normal or in excess.

General Remarks.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the south of the Peninsula, in Ceylon, the Bombay Deccan and on the Malabar and Coromandel Coasts. A few light showers have also been recorded in the east Central Provinces and North Konkan. The important falls are 2·71" at Cochin; 1·94" at Colombo, 1·37" at Calicut, and 1·12" at Coimbatore. Conditions are slightly unsettled on and off the south Coromandel Coast.

Nearly general rain is likely in the south-east of the Peninsula, Mysore and on the Malabar Coast, and local rain in the Bombay Deccan. A few showers may occur in the South Konkan and on the north Coromandel Coast.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

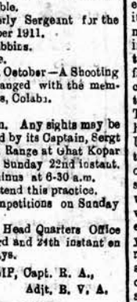
ROYAL VISIT FUND.

The General Secretary begs to announce the following further contributions to the Bombay Royal Visit Fund:—Amount previously acknowledged, Rs. 2,84,915-5-10; The Bombay Piece Goods Association, Rs. 5,000; The Executive Engineer, Bombay Municipality and his Staff, Rs. 819-15; The Staff of the Administrative Offices and Workshops G. I. P. Railway Rs. 556-7; Messrs. Ewart Latham and Co., Mr. Hajibhoy Lalljee and Messrs. Grindlay Groom and Co. each Rs. 500; H. H. The Chief of Mudhol (towards the Southern Maratha Arch), Messrs. Curramsey Damjee and Purshotamdas Mungaldas Nathubhoy, Rs. 250; Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Rs. 200; The Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality and his Staff, Rs. 184 8; Messrs. L. Crosswell and Co. Rs. 150; The Office and Mill Staff of Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co. Rs. 146-8-9; Messrs. N V. Mandlik and Co Rs. 125; Messrs. Khanji Dwarkadas and Suleman Cassum, each Rs. 101; Messrs. R. N. A. Elliott, I. C. S., The Most Rev. the Bishop of Dadhaun, Messrs. Schroder Schmidt and Co., Messrs. Abdulla Haji Mowji and Co., Messrs. John M. Minnitt and Co., Messrs. Adarji Muncherji and Co., Messrs. Kurva and Kajiji, Dr. Kavasji Edalji Dadachanji, The Hon'ble Mr. K. Parakh, Messrs. L. A Shah, D. A Khare, and G. S. Mulgaonkar, and Ramdatt V. Desai, each Rs. 100; Major N. A. L. Kapper N. H and Mr. Lakmidas Purshotam Rs. 75; Messrs. Manibhai Mansbhai, M. W. Pradhan and H. T. Kirtane, each Rs. 51; Messrs. P. M. Percival I. C. S., Dinsha S. Wacha, Nowrosji M. Dumasia, Alidina Ludake, Jamshedji A. Wadia, Vinayek S. Joshi, Purbhudas Jiwandas and Sons, T. N. Sanjana, Shapurji S. Mistri, N. D. Gards, Karmali Pirbhoy, N. V. Gokhale, and N. M. Samarth each Rs. 50; The Staff of the New Zealand Insurance Co. Rs. 43; Messrs. F. L. Muir, Rs. 32; F. J. Preston, Dady N. Dady, E. B. Desai, T. W. Bonner, N. R. Desai, G. H. Webb, G. K. Dandeker, K. K. Kolkar, M. M. Karbhari, Nilkanth Atmaram, S. G. Patkar, N. M. Patvardhan, Ratanlal and K. N. Koyaji each Rs. 25; Some Members of the Bombay Commercial Gymkhana, 24; Messrs. W. C. Anderson, G. B. Rele, S. V. Bhandarker, P. P. Khare, C. A. Rele, T. N. Desai, E. V. Bhat and J. R. Charpure, Rs. 20 each; sums of and under Rs. 15, Rs 134; making a total of Rs. 2,97,745-10-0.

LOSS OF WEIGHT IN MALARIA.

How Doctors are working to Restore it.

The loss of body weight is one of the most noticeable of the direct consequences of Malaria. Obviously, therefore, it is one of those most distressing to the patient as well as to his friends, for it interferes in a marked manner with his appearance. From every point of view it is of the greatest importance that the weight which has been lost should be restored with the utmost rapidity. This is, necessarily, under ordinary conditions, a difficult thing to do, for the causes which have reduced the patient's digestive strength have likewise reduced his digestive powers, and weight can be acquired only through the digestive system.



This diagram shows the extraordinary way in which Sanatogen enables those who have lost weight to recover it.

The smaller figure represents the average increase in weight made by eight patients who were fed at a hospital on the most restorative and weight producing food known to the authorities.

The larger figure represents the average increase in weight of the patients treated with the same food to which Sanatogen had been added.

It will be noticed that their weight increased about five times as much in the same time.

Happily, as every doctor knows, when the acute stage of the fever is over a ready means of restoring this weight is at his hand by the use of Sanatogen. It does not matter whether the sufferer is an adult or a child, the effect of Sanatogen in such conditions is invariably so rapid that it seems to act like a charm. This is due to its composition—the body-building part of pure cow's milk chemically combined with that salt of phosphorus which is found in the brain and nervous system. The use of Sanatogen tones and revitalises every organ of the body and, as it were, makes the feeble, flickering flame of life burn vigorously and strongly, so that the feeling of weakness which is so marked a characteristic of the sufferer from malaria rapidly vanishes. Sanatogen's power of increasing weight is strikingly shown in a case quoted by "The General Practitioner." "A woman 5 ft. 7 in. in height had dwindled to 7st. 11lbs. She was ordered two teaspoonfuls of Sanatogen thrice daily. At the end of a week she had gained 1 lb. 3 ozs., and at the end of three weeks she had increased 7 lbs. in weight."

Sanatogen can be obtained at all chemists and bazaars.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR B. W. R. PENNINGTON COMMANDING.

Bombay, 19th October.

247. Parades—Saturday 21st October 1911:—No 1 and 2 companies Gun Drill at Mahalaxmi Battery at 5-30 p. m.

Train leaves Colaba at 4-10 p. m. Church Gate at 4 45 p. m.

Cyclists proceed direct to the Battery.

Dress—Khaki and Helmets.

248. D R F Class—A depression range finding Class will commence next week, members who are desirous of joining will parade at the old Saluting Battery at 7 15 a m on Wednesday 25th October.

Dress:—Plain Clothes.

249. Gun Layers Qualifying Class.—The Gun Layers qualifying examination for the season 1911 12, will be held at Middle Ground on Saturday 28th October. Time of parade will be notified later.

250. Gun Layers Class.—Members desirous of joining this Class will parade with the qualified layers on Saturday 28th October, at the same time and place.

251. Military Tournament Competitive Events.—Members wishing to enter for any of these events to be held in connection with the exhibition of the Old Bombay can see the prospectus at Head quarters, on or before 28th October, together with entrance fees.

252. Arms and Accoutrements.—Members who have not yet drawn their Arms and Accoutrements are requested to do so as soon as possible.

248. Orderly Sergeant.—Orderly Sergeant for the week ending Sunday 22nd October 1911.

No. 1 Company Sergt H. E. Gubbins.

No. 2 Company Sergt J. Clarke.

253. Musketry—Sunday 22nd October—A Shooting match of 10 a side has been arranged with the members of the R G A Sergeants Mess, Colaba.

Ranges 200 and 500 yards.

Firing to commence at 7 r.m. Any sights may be used. The Team will be selected by its Captain, Sergt H. E. Gubbins. The G I P Rly Vol Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for practice on Sunday 22nd instant.

Train will leave Victoria Terminus at 6-30 a.m.

All recruits are requested to attend this practice.

There will be no Sepoon Competitions on Sunday 22nd instant.

254. Office Closing of—The Head Quarters Office will be closed on the 21st, 23rd and 24th instant on account of the "Divali "holidays.

E. P. CUDDIP, Capt. R. A.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 20th October.

896. Detail of Parades.—To-day Friday, the 20th instant.—All Recruits of the current season will parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

Monday the 23rd instant—"G" Company Parade at the Bombay Gymkhana at 7-30 a. m. All Recruits of the current season should endeavour to attend.

Dress—Uniform.

We nesday the 25th instant—Commanding Officer's Parade. Parade as strong as possible at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order, Uniform, with Caps. Band and Drums will be in attendance. Subject—

1. Part II Infantry Training, Sections 59 to 74. Fire Discipline. 2. Battalion drill.

Friday the 27th instant—All Recruits of the current season will parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p. m.

897. Maxim Gun—All members desirous of attending a class of instruction in Maxim Gun duties should submit their names to the Officers Commanding Coe at a very early date.

898. Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:—

Saturday, the 21st inst. "A" Coy.
Sunday, the 22nd inst "E" Coy.
Thursday, the 26th inst "F" Coy,
Saturday, the 28th inst "A" Coy.
Sunday, the 29th inst "G" Coy.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-50 a.m.

899. The Viceroy's Prize Competition will take place at Ghat Kopar on Monday, 23rd, and Tuesday, the 24th instant, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m.

900. Extract from Government Notification, General Department dated Bombay Castle 9th October 1911 is published for information:—

No. 5960.—Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

Honorary Lieutenant and Quarter Master William Stephens, V. D., resigns his commission and is permitted on retirement to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 1st September 1911.

Special.—The Officer Commanding desires to place on record his appreciation of the services rendered to the Corps by Lieut. Stephens who has been an efficient member of the Corps for the past 34 years, having joined as a Volunteer on the 15th August 1877 on which date the Corps was raised.

901. Officers Commanding Cos. will please in future cause their Coy. Roll Book to be submitted to the Adjutant's Office for check by the 5th of each month. All Books should reach this Office by the 21st instant, and will be reissued on the 22nd.

902. Signallers—The Signallers of "G" Coy will parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 7 a. m. on Saturday, Wednesdays and Saturdays and every Monday,

BY THE WAY.

THE "WESTMINSTER ABBEY OF THE NAVY."

St. Nicholas, Deptford, which has recently been re-opened after being rescued from a ruinous condition, is sometimes called, from the many memorials to naval heroes, the "Westminster Abbey of the Navy." Among them is a quaintly worded monument to Peter Pett, "the Noah of his Age," and cherished friend of Pepys, who invented the frigate, which in the days of sailing ships was the equivalent of a modern cruiser. Preserved in the church is a superb piece of wood-carving, representing Ezekiel in his valley of dry bones, which is ascribed to Gibbons, who was "discovered" at Deptford by John Evelyn. The church register records the burial of Christopher Marlowe, "slaine by Francis Archer." The poet "of the mighty line" was killed in a brawl at a neighbouring tavern on a very inglorious First of June in 1593.

WINTER ON THE SCOTTISH HILLS.

Signs were evident recently that the weather on the Cairngorm mountains was undergoing a change. On Sept. 15 writes a "Scotsman" correspondent, heavy showers swept down Glen Derry, and on the following morning the whole aspect of the hills was changed. The snow-line extended to just below the 3,000ft level. The summit of the precipitous Devil's Point was powdered with white, as was also Cairndhaim, but it was on Ben Muich Dhui that most traces of the recent storm were visible. The summit plateau was thickly covered, while, a drift, extending along the southern corie a few hundred feet below the cairn was estimated as quite 4ft. in depth. During the day there was bright sunshine, and the snow disappeared to a certain extent, but the wreath on Ben Muich Dhui remained for several days.

BOOKSTALL TREASURES.

The cheap bookstall as a hunting-ground for treasure has still attractive possibilities. The new issue of "Book Auction Records" tells of a copy of the first edition of Dickens's "Christmas Carol," picked up on a stall for twopence a few months ago. It was a presentation copy from Dickens to Sergeant Talfourd (to whom "Pickwick" was dedicated), and when put up at Hodgson's brought the lucky finder £71. We are also told of a copy of Goethe's Poems which had once been Thackeray's—in evidence whereof were his signature and numerous characteristic thumb-nail sketches—being picked up from a barrow in Whitechapel by a Jewish youth for a halfpenny. It was in poor condition as to its covers, but the pages were clean, and the shrewd young man made twenty pounds all but a halfpenny by the find.

THE AMAZONS OF JEMMAPPES.

A battlefield memorial is about to be inaugurated in commemoration of the French victory at Jemmappes. Not the least interesting circumstance connected with the engagement is the fact that two women warriors—Miles. Felicite and Theophile de Fernig—took part in it, wearing uniforms, and holding staff appointments as aides-de-camp to Dumouriez. Both of them achieved distinction. The elder sister galloped in the charge led by the future King Louis-Philippe; the younger brought home a Hungarian major as her prisoner. The Convention was so pleased with the General's report of their noble conduct—he said that they were as modest and virtuous as they were brave—that it voted them swords of honour, and decreed that their house, which had been destroyed in the course of the battle, should be rebuilt for them at the public cost.

ST. JANUARIUS'S BLOOD AND THE ITALIAN DISASTER.

The failure of the blood of St. Januarius, preserved in Naples Cathedral, to liquify on September 19, the anniversary of the saint, is believed by the Italian peasants to have resulted in the terrible havoc caused by the moving lava on the slopes of Vesuvius. Besides two phials of the saint's blood, his head is also preserved at Naples, and it is said that the congealed blood liquefies when on the saint's day it is placed near the head. The previous September, after the miracle of liquefaction had duly taken place, Professor Carone, of Cette College, applied to the Pope for permission to submit the alleged blood to certain scientific tests; but the Pontiff refused unless the Archbishop of Naples consented. The latter also bluntly refused, and an interesting investigation was thus prevented.

HOW TO KEEP YOUNG.

The recent death of Mrs Julia Ward Howe took from us one of the masters of life. At ninety she declared that life grew more interesting to her every year, and many charming stories are told of the unquenchable youthfulness of her spirits. What a rebuke, exclaims the "Home Messenger," to the dreary monotony of many of our lives! "What eager encouragement to those who fear, as youth is apt to fear, that all the 'fun' will be over for ever at twenty-five or Thirty! To one who has grasped at all the art of living, the 'fun'—which, being interpreted, means the interest, zest, enthusiasm, that are the birthright of youth—only deepens as the years bring wider experience and richer wisdom."

THE ART OF LIVING.

But the art of living, our contemporary goes on to point out, "must be won by resolute purpose and constant practice. It means the continual renewal of our stock of friendships, of interests, of ideals. What kind of merchant would he be who never renewed his stock? Yet how many people try to carry on the business of life with the dwindling and shopworn stock of twenty or thirty years ago!" "Ardrich was here half an hour ago," Mark Twain once wrote, "like a breeze from the field with the fragrance still upon his spirit. I am tired waiting for that man to grow old." Aldrich was sixty-nine at the time.

SUNDAY-SCHOOLS.

Mr. Marion Lawrence, the well-known American Sunday-school organiser, who is going to many cities in England, has just paid a visit to Manchester. There was a meeting of welcome in the Town Hall, at which the Lady Mayoress presided. Mr. Lawrance, in his address, said he did not think there was any work in the world like that of Sunday-schools. Every State in the Union was organised with a self-supporting organisation, and every province of Canada was organised in the same manner, each with its own secretary. Newfoundland, Mexico, and the West Indies were also organised, and it was organisation he was to talk about. They had been all too long learning the lesson of organisation in Sunday-school work. If business men conducted their business with the same organisation as people conducted most of the churches they would according to Mr Lawrance, soon be bankrupt.

DOVE COTTAGE.

Dove Cottage, Grasmere, Wordsworth's early home, was, it may be remembered, purchased for the nation in 1900. It is said that some 4,000 people now visit it annually. Nine editions have been printed of the Rev. Stopford A. Brooke's booklet on Dove Cottage. Mr. Edmund Lee, of Bradford, who has a summer home in Grasmere, and sold the cottage for £650 to the trustees, is author of a book on Dorothy Wordsworth which went to a second edition and is now out of print. In Rydal Mount, the home of the poet associated with his later period, and where he died, resides, says the "Glasgow" Mrs. Fishar Wordsworth, a great-grand daughter, being the grand-daughter of the Rev. John Wordsworth, the eldest son; Mr. Gordon Wordsworth, a grandson, resides at Stepping Stones, near Ambleside; while a grand-daughter, the wife of Colonel Mair, resides at White Moss Cottage, on the middle road between Grasmere and Rydal.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

A GILDED LEGEND.

It all came, says a dramatic critic writing in the "World" of Sept. 26, of trying to turn a legend into a lesson, an old wife's tale into a morality. "Rip Van Winkle" is an episode, a tradition, a mystery. If your mind is of that order which inquires whether a chimæra buzzing in a vacuum would be able to devour second intentions, you may want to know what Washington Irving meant. He didn't mean anything. His sketch is just a queer poetical morsel, doubly rare in its detachment from life and from material significance. Give it a purpose, brand it as a symbol, and you destroy its poetry. This, then, is the basic fault of Mr. Austin Strong's play on Rip, first of the beloved vagabonds. He has embellished it with aim and converted it to pantomime. Rip was a bag-o'-rags, ever drowning the sorrows of idleness in liquor, a humorous lounger and wife lover of the woods—yet the very antithesis of the modern-novel nature-pilgrim, who sees a sermon in the heart of a forest, for Rip sees a forest in the middle of a sermon. Now, as you know, Rip went up into the Kaatskills, met with the spectral crew of Hendrick Hudson, drank with them, and, like Peter Klaus and Epimenides before him, fell to a slumber that endured long years. That was at once very simple and very strange. But it was too simple and too strange for Mr. Strong. There must be a reason. And so Hendrick Hudson's skittleground (where, apparently, they no longer play skittles, though it still thunders) becomes a sort of private Hell-in-the-mountains, where you are punished for your past misdeeds. That is why Rip gets there. But why does he escape? The author, clearly credent of eternal punishment, is scrupulous to the answer. Each newcomer is accorded a wish—as test. And Rip's wish—Rip on a pedestal!—is that a fellow-inmate, the father of his sweetheart, shall be released. His sentence is consequently commuted to one of fifty years' penal somnolence. Thus poetry takes wing at the thud of sentimental morality. Then there is the pale fable of the copper bowl, given to Rip to polish by his sweetheart Minna. (The shrew-wish wife exists no longer.) The task would not have taken half-an-hour, but Rip has not sufficient stamina even for that. In the middle of operations his five senses, in the form of choreographic nymphs dance classically about him—an unpleasant little habit they have. He relinquishes the task and so forfeits his girl. When, an old man, he awakes, the bowl is beside him, blackened with the storms of half a century. He will not come down from the mountain till it be cleaned and when, in the final scene, he presents it to Minna it is so bright you wonder where in the wood he got the Globe polish. The sentiment mawks, the dialogue limps. Yet many of the scenic effects deserve great praise. As old Rip, Mr. Cyril Maude has many moments of distinct pathos, but the chiaroscuro of the drawing does not afford great opportunities. In the opening scenes he never seemed quite at ease; but a good deal of this was probably due to first-night nervousness. All the other parts are inconsiderable. Old Minna and Young-Minna—both characterless parts—are satisfactorily played by Miss Winifred Emery and Miss Margery Maude. Mr. Willie Atom, as the dwarf Green in-the-Face, is most grotesque. All his motions are excellent. Finally, a word for Mr. Holman Clark's Dominie van Shaick over whose death I could well understand Rip's poignant grief, I presume, by the way, that he died of a split infinitive.

A PLAY FOR PROPHETS.

"The Marionettes" is a play for prophets. See it in the right spirit, and you will leave delighted at your predictive powers. For I promise that, once you have glimpsed the antique roots of the plot, everything you presage will come to pass, and there will be a liberal realisation or hopes and fears. Old Moore himself could not trip up on it. Blessed, it is true, is he who expects nothing, for he shall never be disappointed by fulfilment. But if you look on the evening as a game against M. Pierre Wolff, you will depart with the feather of victory in your cap and the recollection of some good acting in your mind. Now given, the label "comedy" together with a husband A who does not love his wife B, and a wife B who does love her husband A, what do you think has to be effected? Clearly, the acquisition of A's affections by B. Since A does not love B, what will M. Wolff do with him? Introduce him to C, of course, a part that has neither point nor magnitude. And if B is to defeat C, will she do? Why, have an "affaire" with D—a mere moustache of a man, in passing. You know the problem by heart. Roger is married to Fernande, a country girl. Her downcast eyes, self-sacrificial air, plain face—all are wormwood to him. Indeed, he only married her because an eccentric mother refused to satisfy his creditors on any other condition. So—after a scene—Roger goes his way, to Lucerne and a lady, and Fernande hers. When Roger returns he finds that Fernande has emerged from a country chrysalis into a society butterfly. She wears daring dresses and smokes cigarettes. Then, one night, he hears her making an assignation with a man over the telephone, and he cries out that he hates her—which means, she well knows, that he loves her. And so to the conjugal reconciliation. Is the play, like the mustard, is naught, Sir John Hare's performance counts for much. We wish him very many happy returns to the stage. As Fernande's uncle—kindly, sympathetic, unsophisticated—he acts with that sure sense of character and quiet precision which has won him such renown. In Fernande, Miss Marie Lohr meets one of the most taxing parts of her career. Her charm and girlishness always refresh, and in the first act she gives us a piece of most excellent prim awkwardness; but she seldom rises to great emotion, and in the big scenes leaves us unconvinced. Mr. Wontner's husband is a clever piece of work, but incorrigibly English. This is a general fault. Miss Unger's is a translation—and a good one—rather than an adaptation, and the characters remain French; a fact you are liable to forget in listening for example to Mr. Lowne's delightful, breezy, British drawl.

"BONITA."

Comic opera and musical comedy have of late years travelled to every country from Kamschatka to Bessarabia, but curiously enough Portugal had, till Saturday night, says a mail week correspondent, escaped their notice. We associate the country chiefly with port wine (and the association was brought home to us by the exhibition of "figurines" illustrating the wine trade in the vestibule of the Queen's Theatre), and in port there seem neither potentialities of romance nor conspicuous humour besides, for every ten persons who could tell you anything about Portuguese costumes or dance or music, you will find many soon who will talk glibly of mantillas, sombreros, boleros, fandangos, jotas, zarzuelas, and heaven knows what besides. Mr Wadham Peacock, the author of "Bonita," and Mr. Howard Fraser-Simson, the composer (there is only one of each, thank goodness), know Portugal well, and everything connected with "Bonita" is Portuguese—even, it is whispered, to the capital which helped to produce it. Why that is supposed to matter it is not easy to see, unless it be that some subtle effects local colour result therefrom. In these matters the amount of the money seems at first night more important than the country of its origin. Mr. Fraser Simson is well known, it is said, in the City, and he will be better known now. His music is facile and graceful, and it is very neatly put together but it is not distinctive in any way—and it is many places reminiscent. The text is a strange mixture of Shavian satire and Gilbertian conceits, with a supernatural incident thrown in, the only object of which seems to be to show how well they can darken the stage and make it light again in the Queen's Theatre. That, however, is a good thing, for such effects have rarely been more artistically done anywhere. Mr. Peacock's plot is simple to the verge of naivete, but what ought to be the climax of the whole—the trial by an appeal to St. Anthony and to the ordeal of fire to decide which of the two is the favoured suitor for the hand of the heroine—is frittered away, so that when we see the happy man's flower unscathed by fire while that of his rival is scorched up, it does not interest us much, though we know it is a real piece of Portuguese folk lore.

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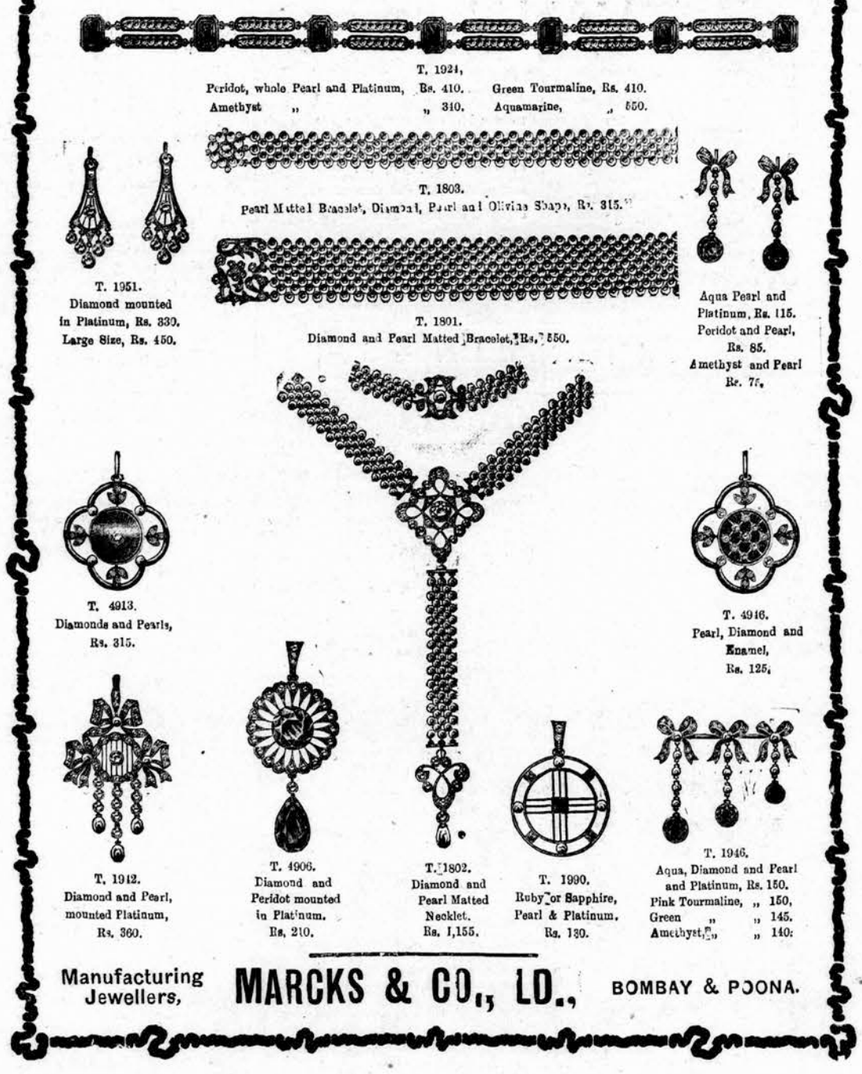
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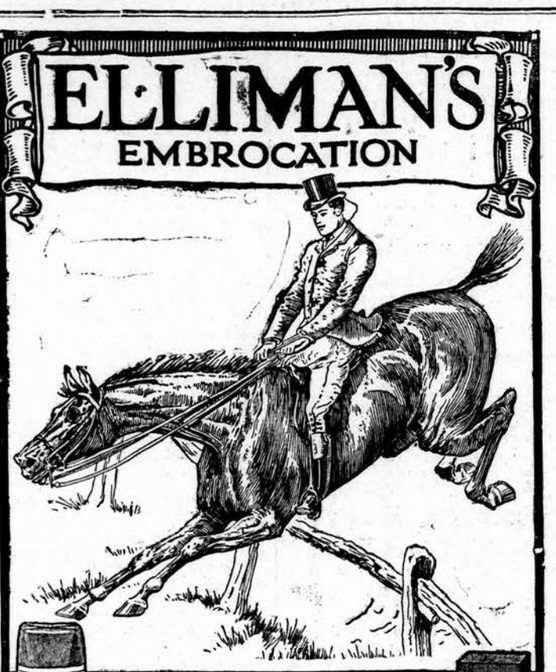

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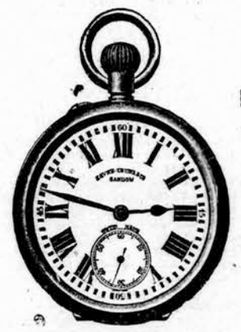

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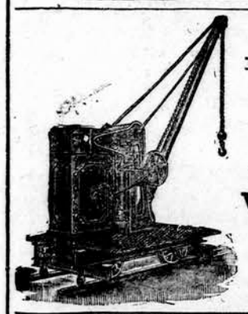

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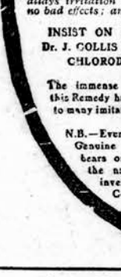

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